# Environmental Management Plan Dhandhuka- Dholera (SH-20)



CONSULTANCY SERVICE FOR PREPARATION
OF DPR, BID DOCUMENTS, MONITORING,
ENGINEERING FOR OPRC ROAD WORKS FOR
GUJARAT STATE HIGHWAY PROJECT - II

Road & Building Department, Government of Gujarat





## **Table of Contents**

List o	f Abbreviations	2
1	INTRODUCTION	3
1.1	BACKGROUND	3
1.2	CONTEXT FOR THE EMP	3
1.3	BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE PROJECT ROAD	3
1.4	CLEARANCE REQUIREMENTS	4
1.5	STRUCTURE OF THE REPORT	8
2	ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT AND MITIGATION MEASURES	8
2.1	SUMMARY OF IMPACT	8
2.2	SPECIFIC MEASURES	8
2.3	ENHANCEMENT MEASURES	9
3	ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT PLAN	10
3.1	PRE-CONSTRUCTION STAGE	10
	3.1.1 Pre-Construction Activities by R&B Dept,	
	3.1.2 By Contractor/Monitoring Consultant	
3.2	CONSTRUCTION STAGE	
	3.2.1 Construction stage activities by the contractor	
2.2	3.2.2 Construction Stage Activities by the R&B dept,	
3.3	OPERATION STAGE	
4	IMPLEMENTATION ARRANGEMENTS	
4.1	ENVIRONMENTAL MONITORING PLAN	
4.0	4.1.1 Monitoring Indicators	
4.2	REPORTING SYSTEM	
4.3	CLAUSE FOR NONCONFORMITY TO EMP - PROTECTION OF THE ENVIRONMENT	
4.4	INSTITUTIONAL SETUPENVIRONMENTAL CONSTRUCTION GUIDELINES	
4.5		
5	ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENTBUDGET	39
	List of Figure	
Eiguro	1-1: Dhandhuka – Dholera (SH-20) Corridor Map	2
rigure	1-1: Dhahdhuka – Dholera (Sri-20) Corridor Map	3
	List of Tables	
75 11 -		2
	1-1: List of OPRC Corridors under GSHP-II	
	1-2: Applicable Laws and Regulations	
	2-1: Summary of Environmental Impacts and Design Measures	
	2-2: Environmental and Social Specific Measures Integrated in the Design	
	1-1: Selected Enhancement Measures for Proposed Project corridor	
	3-1: Environmental Management Plan	
	1-1: Environmental Monitoring Indicators	
	1-1: Environmental Monitoring Plan	
	4-3: Summary details of Reporting	
	4-4: Institutional Responsibilities	
	4-5: Guideline for Good Environmental and Social Practices	
Table.	5-1: Budgetary Provisions for Environmental Management Measures	39

#### List of Abbreviations

DIEAA District Environmental Impact Assessment Authority

EIA Environmental Impact Assessment EMP Environmental Management Plan

COI Corridor of Impact CO Carbon monoxide

CPR's Common Property Resources
GPCB Gujarat Pollution Control Board
GSHP-II Gujarat State Highways Project – II

GoG Government of Gujarat

LASA LEA Associates South Asia Pvt. Ltd.

LHS Left Hand Side

MoRT&H Ministry of Road Transport and Highways

NOC No Objection Certificate
NOX Nitrates of Oxygen

NH3 Ammonia

NGO Non-Government Organization PIU Project Implementation Unit

Pb Lead Ozone

R&BD Roads and Buildings Department RPF Resettlement Policy Framework

RoW Right of Way

RAP Resettlement Action Plan RPM Respiratory Particle Matter

RHS Right Hand Side
MC Monitoring consultant
SO2 Sulfur di oxide

SPM Suspended Particle Matter

OPRC Output and Performance base Road Contract

#### 1.1 BACKGROUND

The Roads and Buildings Department (R&BD), Government of Gujarat (GoG) has taken up the preparation of the second Gujarat State Highway Project (GSHP-II), covering up- gradation, maintenance and improvement of identified core road network for loan appraisal with the World Bank. Towards project preparation, R&BD has retained M/s LEA Associates South Asia Pvt. Ltd. (LASA) as Project Preparatory Works Consultants to prepare plans for the widening and up gradation of highways as well as for carrying out the assessment of environment and social impacts. In the mean time R&B dept, GoG appointed M/s Feedback Infrastructure Pvt. Ltd JV with M/s Dong Myeong Engineering Consultants & Architecture as Monitoring Consultant for preparation of DPR, BID Documents, Monitoring, Engineering for Output Performance Road Contract (OPRC) Works. R&BD, GoG has selected three corridors under the OPRC mode at this stage, for preparation of conceptual designs. The details of the selected corridors are given in Table 1.1.

 Sr. No.
 Link Name
 Corridor No
 Length km

 1.
 Limbdi – Dhandhuka
 SH-20
 34.650

 2.
 Dhandhuka – Dholera
 SH-20
 27.000

 3.
 Dhandhuka – Paliyad
 SH-01
 46.400

Table 1-1: List of OPRC Corridors under GSHP-II

Source: R&BD

#### 1.2 CONTEXT FOR THE EMP

As part of the project preparation, an Environmental Impact Assessment (EIA) study has been carried out for the proposed roads during the year 2013. The EMP for the Dhandhuka – Dholera (SH-20) corridor is based on the findings of EIA carried out, and it also provides the framework for effective implementation of the environmental management measures required for addressing the potential environmental impacts in the project. This Environmental Management Plan assists the contractor to update and implement the environmental management measures suggested as an outcome of the EIA.

#### 1.3 BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE PROJECT ROAD

The project corridor starts at Dhandhuka (km 0+000) and ends at Dholera (km 27+000) covering a total length of 27.0 km (Figure 1.1). The corridor passes through plain terrain having medium black and grey brown alluvium nurtured soil. The present road configuration is Intermediate Lane with an average carriage way width of 5.5 m and the RoW is 24 m. Pavement condition of the corridor is fair to poor and most of the road sections are settled with cracks, pot holes, and raveling.

The project corridor passes through Dhandhuka taluka, comprising of 4 villages and one town (Dhandhuka). Major settlements along the corridor are Dhandhuka, Rojka village, Bhadiyad and Dholera villages. A total number of 84 trees have to be felled for the proposed widening activity.



Figure 1-1: Dhandhuka – Dholera (SH-20) Corridor Map

#### 1.4 CLEARANCE REQUIREMENTS

Environmental clearance. As per the new amendment dated 1st December 2009 and 4<sup>th</sup>April, 2011 to EIA Notification 2006, environmental clearance has been made mandatory only for new state highway projects or state highway expansion projects in hilly terrain (above 1000 m AMSL) and or ecological sensitive area. Hence, the widening / strengthening and improvement works on existing corridors of the state highway are not covered under the ambit of the notification and are not categorized either as Category A or Category B. However, the project shall require obtaining consent from competent authorities such as the Gujarat Pollution Control Board (GPCB), for 'Consent to Establish' by submitting an online Common Application (as per Schedule-I), under Water (Prevention and Control of Pollution) Act, 1974, Air (Prevention and Control of Pollution) Act, 1981) and authorization under Hazardous and Other Wastes (Management and Trans-boundary Movement) Rules, 2016.

**Forest Clearance**: The project corridor does not have any "Protected Forest" along the project road as per the **Gujarat state** Government Gazette. Hence, obtaining forest clearance for proposed intervention is not required. However, for the proposed intervention, there is a need to fell the 81 Nos. of avenue trees after taking the permissions from the respective forest department.

CRZ clearance: A stretch of 3.5km (towards the Dholera end) of the Dhandhuka – Dholera project corridor abutting a back water stretch is subjected to tidal action. This stretch falls within the master plan boundaries of the Dholera Special Investment Region (DSIR) that is being implemented by the Dholera Special Investment Regional Development Authority, Government of Gujarat. The development of the DSIR including the development of transportation networks within the corridor shall be governed by the master plan. As a result, the stretch of 3.5km within the SIR boundaries is not proposed for improvement and only maintenance of the existing carriageway is proposed. As a result, the construction impacts associated with the widening of the stretch abutting back waters has been avoided and hence CRZ clearance is not triggered.

Other Project Clearances: Implementation of the project works would require clearances from the Gujarat Pollution Control Board (GPCB) as well as several other line agencies. These would have to be obtained by the contractor before commencement of civil works in the project area. The clearances to be obtained are presented in Table 1.2.

Table 1-2: Applicable Laws and Regulations

S.	Regulatory				Typical <sup>1</sup>	Responsibility for	or compliance
No	Clearances	Corresponding Regulations	Approving Authority	Applicability to the Project	Time Required	Execution	Monitoring
Pre-	Construction Stage						
01	Environmental Clearance	EIA Notification, 2006 and subsequent Amendments;	MoEF&CC, GoI/ SEIAA	For Category B, Applicable for new State Highway projects and SH expansion projects in hilly terrain (above 1000 MSL) or ecologically sensitive areas as per EIA Notification 2006 & its subsequent amendments – Not Applicable Category B to be upgraded to Category A if project falling under general conditions – Not Applicable	-	-	-
02	Consent to Establish	Water (Prevention and Control of Pollution) Act 1974; Air (Prevention and Control of Pollution) Act 1981	Gujarat Pollution Control Board	Subject to establishing Labour camps, Hot mix plants or any water/air pollution generating units.	3 Months	Contractor	Monitoring Consultant
03	Wild Life Clearance	Wild Life Act 1972	MoEF&CC, GoI	Not applicable	-	-	-
04	Diversion of forest land for non-forest purpose	Guidelines for diversion of forest lands for non-forest purpose under the Forest (Conservation) Act, 1980 and its amendments;	Western Zone Regional Office MoEF&CC, Bhopal	For Dhandhuka – Dhulera road is non Notified so diversion of Forest land does not Applicable.	-	R&B Dept., Govt. of Gujarat Necessary assistance shall be provided by Contractor	R&B Dept., Govt. of Gujarat
05	Permission for felling & trimming of trees	Forest (Conservation) Act, 1980 and its amendments;	State Forest Dept., Gujarat	Permission is required from Divisional Forest Department	6 months	R & B Dept., Govt. of Gujarat Necessary assistance shall be provided by Contractor.	R& B Dept., Govt. of Gujarat
Cons	struction/Operation Stag	ge	Lastra de la companya				
06	Permission for locating and operating Borrow pits	EIA Notifications and Subsequent Amendments; Mines and Minerals (Development and Regulation) Act, 1957	DIEAA; (MoEF&CC), Commissioner of Geology and Mining, Local Administration – Municipal Government/ Panchayat	Applicable	1 Month	Contractor	Monitoring Consultant

S.	Regulatory				Typical <sup>1</sup>	Responsibility f	or compliance
No	Clearances	Corresponding Regulations	Approving Authority	Applicability to the Project	Time Required	Execution	Monitoring
07	Permission for Withdrawal of Ground Water	Environment Protection Act 1986	Central Ground Water Board, West Central Region (WCR), Ahmadabad	Applicable, if withdrawal is proposed	1 month	Contractor	Monitoring Consultant
08	Permission for withdrawal of Surface Water from River/ Irrigation Canals		Irrigation Authorities for use of water from Irrigation Canal. River Board / Authorities for withdrawal of water from Rivers	Applicable if withdrawal is proposed	1 month	Contractor	Monitoring Consultant
09	Authorization to generate, store, transport and dispose of Hazardous Waste	Hazardous and Other Wastes (Management and Trans- boundary Movement) Rules, 2016	Gujarat Pollution Control Board (GPCB)	Applicable, if hazardous waste is generated in the project (disposal of bituminous wastes – verify with GPCB)	2 months	Contractor	Monitoring Consultant
10	Consent to Operate	Water (Prevention and Control of Pollution) Act 1974; Air (Prevention and Control of Pollution) Act 1981	Gujarat Pollution Control Board	Subject to establishing, Hot mix plants or any water/air pollution generating units, Labour camps	3 Months	Contractor	Monitoring Consultant
11	Traffic Police Clearance for diversion of routine traffic	Local Traffic Police Regulations and Bye-laws	Traffic Police Department	Applicable	1 Month	Contractor	Monitoring Consultant
12	NOC from Archaeological Survey of India	The Ancient Monument and Archaeological sites and Remains Act 1958.	Department of Archaeology Govt. of Gujarat	Not Applicable	2 Months	Contractor	Monitoring Consultant
13	Permission for Sand Mining from river bed	Mines and Minerals (Development and Regulation) Act, 1957	Commissioner of Geology and Mining Govt. of Gujarat	Applicable, if river sand is mined	6 Months	Contractor	Monitoring Consultant
14	Permission for Opening of new Quarry sites	Mines and Minerals (Development and Regulation) Act, 1957; Water (Prevention and Control of Pollution) Act 1974; Air (Prevention and Control of Pollution) Act 1981	Commissioner of Geology and Mining, Govt. of Gujarat  Gujarat Pollution Control Board	Applicable only if Contractor opens a new quarry site	6 Months 3 Months	Contractor	Monitoring Consultant

s.	Regulatory				Typical <sup>1</sup>	Responsibility f	or compliance
No	Clearances	Corresponding Regulations	Approving Authority	Applicability to the Project	Time Required	Execution	Monitoring
15	Registration of Vehicles and Off road equipments;  Pollution Under Control Certificate for Contractor Vehicles and Equipments	The Motor Vehicles Act, 1988 and amended 2015, Central Motor Vehicle Rules, 1989	Transport Department, Govt. of Gujarat	Applicable to all Contractor vehicles and off road equipments	1 Month 1 Week	Contractor	Monitoring Consultant
16	Employing Labour	The Building and other Construction Workers (Regulation of Employment and Conditions of Service) Act, 1996 and Central Rules, 1998	District Labour Commissioner	Applicable	1 Week	Contractor	Monitoring Consultant
17	Registration of Workers	The Building and other Construction Workers (Regulation of Employment and Conditions of Service) Act, 1996 and Central Rules, 1998	District Labour Commissioner	Applicable	1 Week	Contractor	Monitoring Consultant

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>The right of permission vests with the Competent Authority

Source: Acts, Rules and Regulation from Central and State Government

#### 1.5 STRUCTURE OF THE REPORT

This report is structured to be a standalone document suitable for handing over to the contractor for enabling him to implement the environmental management measures suggested based on the outcome of the EIA. Further to the introduction provided in this chapter, the report provides a summary of the environmental impacts and mitigation measures in Chapter 2. Environmental Management Plan is presented in Chapter 3, while the implementation arrangements for implementing the EMP are presented in the Chapter 4. Chapter 5 provides the necessary budget for implementing the EMP.

### 2 ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT AND MITIGATION MEASURES

#### 2.1 SUMMARY OF IMPACT

Environmental Impact Assessment was carried out for the project corridor during 2012 and the impacts that are likely to arise from the implementation of the project are detailed along with suitable design measures in the Table 2.1.

Table 2-1: Summary of Environmental Impacts and Design Measures

Sl. No	Environmental and Social Impact	Design Measures
1.	Impact on water bodies (surface and ground water)  Embankment of a pond at Ch 16+000 is getting affected	The proposed alignment near the pond has been shifted to protect the water body. As an additional measure, strengthening of the embankment is proposed. Silt traps and oil interceptors are suggested at other surface water sources (rivers/canals/drains) to preserve water quality
2.	A total of 81 trees are getting impacted	As a management measure compensatory afforestation as directed by the forest department shall be carried out.
3.	Impact on cultural properties: 2 temples and 2 shrines	As a result of adopting design modification approach, the impact on cultural properties are avoided, however a temple boundary wall at Ch 16+200 is prone to impact since the RoW has been fixed based on the safety point of view.
4.	The presence of Nalsarovar Bird Sanctuary (25km aerial distance from Dhandhuka – Dholera corridor)	The project corridor does not have any influence on the sanctuary as it is located at a distance of 25km from the project corridor (aerial distance). hence design measures are not required
5.	Impact on topography/ Soil	The generation of construction debris for the project corridor is estimated to be 58,100 cum. Disposal of the debris will have impact on the local topography, hence as a resource recovery approach, the excavated waste shall be tested for the CBR values and if found suitable will be used for sub-grade materials, for strengthening embankment (or) as an strengthening layer for village and approach roads.
6.	High TDS and chloride concentration in both surface and groundwater	Water quality in the project area has been found to be unfit for construction purpose. However, ground water can be used for drinking purposes after carrying out the necessary water quality analysis and installation of appropriate water purification devices as required
7.	Air quality impact at the habitations/settlements Dhandhuka (0+000), Rojka village (7+000) Bhadiyad (16+000), Dholera (27+000)	Air pollution due to construction yard will be mainly ground -based with localised effect during the construction period. It is suggested that the construction yard shall be located away from the settlement; all construction plant (Crushers, Hot-mix Plants & Batching Plants) should be kept/stationed 1000m away from the settlements.
8.	Noise Pollution at Settlements and sensitive receptors Dhandhuka (0+000), Rojka village (7+000), Bhadiyad (16+000) and Dholera (27+000) Aliyasar temple and Bhadiyad Dargah (16+200)	Noisy construction activities (such as crushing, concrete mixing, batching etc.) within 150 m of the nearest habitation/educational institutes/health centers (silence zones) shall be stopped during the night time between 7.00 pm to 6.00 am. Contractor shall provide noise barriers at the suggested locations of the identified schools/ Temples/health centers prior to commencement of work.

Source: LASA 2012

#### 2.2 SPECIFIC MEASURES

As part of the Environmental Assessment, consultations were held in the project corridor at various locations as given in Table 2.2. The outcome of the consultations was noted and for the discussed impacts, specific mitigation measures were suggested.

Table 2-2: Environmental and Social Specific Measures Integrated in the Design

S1. No	Impact	Mitigation Measures
1.	Impact on residential/ commercial structures and land acquisition	CoI approach has been adopted in minimizing the social impact associated with the residential/ commercial and land acquisition issues
	Issues	<ul> <li>Public consultation has been done and the issues highlighted by the local communities like provision of safety aspects, drain issues are addressed and mitigated.</li> </ul>
2.	Up-gradation of the existing drains (bridges and culverts)	<ul> <li>All the existing bridges, culverts and irrigation canals are proposed to be upgraded. The flood data collected from the irrigation department is kept as a source for designing the drain provisions. Additional drain facility is also suggested at locations experiencing water logging problems</li> </ul>
3.	Safety issues need to be addressed in the proposed design	• Road safety audit has been performed for the corridor and the outcome of the report and the public consultation has been taken as a base to provide road safety measures in the design. The safety measures includes provision of footpath near settlements, Junction improvements, street lights etc. Due care has been taken at the social sensitive locations like schools and temples.
		• Road design has been done as suggested by the local communities to reduce the curve. Illustration of the design is depicted in the flowing figures
4.	Pedestrian Safety	• To reduce the speed and subsequently to increase the pedestrian safety rumble strips are proposed at major intersections / junctions and at entry & exit of settlements. The locations are at Ch0+925, 1+025, 1+500, 6+700, 7+650, 16+100, 22+300 and 23+000.
5.	Crash barrier	• The guard rails are provided at sharp curves along with signage's to provide safety on such curves. The locations are at Ch 2+050 to 2+225, 6+700 – 6+900, 15+700 – 16+400 and 21+345 to 21+460
6.	Bus stop	• There are several bus stops existing along the project corridor. Generally these stops are associated with a settlement area or an intersection. It is proposed to provide bus stops and bus bays in both directions at Ch 1+100, 7+300, 22+375 and 22+400

Source: LASA 2012

#### 2.3 ENHANCEMENT MEASURES

The cultural / community properties located at Ch 0+810 (shrine), Ch 0+950 (Temple), Ch 4+550 (shrine) and Ch 16+200 (Temple) are falling within the RoW and are having direct impact due to the project activities. As per the proposed design it is identified that nearly two shrines are fully affected and two temples are partially impacted. Hence, in order to save the structure, design modifications like shifting of alignment have been adopted. After the design modification, 3 cultural/ community properties are protected. However, one temple at Ch 16+200 boundary wall is prone to the impact.

As an enhancement measure, two temples are selected; the selection is based on the consultation held with the communities. The suggested amenities for enhancement are given in table 2.3.

Table 2-3: Selected Enhancement Measures for Proposed Project corridor

S. No.	Chainage	Name of Structure	Side	Distance from CL (m)	Age (in Years)	Size	Ownership	Building type
1.	0+950	Mota Hanuman Temple	RHS	5.5	300	Large	Temple	Pucca
2.	16+200	Shivji Aliyasar Temple and Pond	RHS	8	100	Large	Temple	Pucca

Source: LASA 2012

#### 3 ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT PLAN

A description of the various management measures during various stages of the project are provided in Table 3.1.

#### 3.1 PRE-CONSTRUCTION STAGE

#### 3.1.1 Pre-Construction Activities by R&B Dept,

Prior to the contractor mobilization, the R&B Dept. will ensure that an encumbrance free CoI is handed over to enable the start of construction. The RoW clearance involves the following activities:

- Clearance of the RoW includes removal of trees, and
- Relocation of common property resources impacted, including cultural properties as temples and community assets as hand pumps and other utilities

#### 3.1.2 By Contractor/Monitoring Consultant

The pre-construction stage involves mobilization of the contractor, the activities undertaken by the contractor pertaining to the planning of logistics and site preparation necessary for commencing construction activities. The activities include:

- Joint field verification of EMP by the Contractor along with Monitoring Consultant
- Modification (if any) of the EMP shall be modified by the Contractor in concurrence with Monitoring Consultant
- Procurement of construction equipment / machinery such as crushers, hot mix plants, batching plants and other construction equipment and machinery
- Identification and selection of material sources (quarry and borrow material, water, sand etc.)
- Selection, design and layout of construction areas, hot mix and batching plants, labour camps etc.
- Planning traffic diversions and detours, including arrangements for temporary land acquisition

#### 3.2 CONSTRUCTION STAGE

#### 3.2.1 Construction stage activities by the contractor

Construction stage activities require careful management to avoid environmental impacts. Activities that trigger the need for environmental measures to be followed include:

- Imbibing environmental principles at all stages of construction as good engineering practices
- Implementation of site-specific mitigation/management measures suggested
- Monitoring the quality of environment along the construction sites (as air, noise, water and soil)

There are several other environmental issues that have been addressed as part of good engineering practices, the costs for which have been accounted for in the engineering costs. They include improvement of roadside drainage, provision of additional cross drainage structures or raising the road height in low-lying stretches and reconstruction and improvement of bunds of the affected water bodies.

#### 3.2.2 Construction Stage Activities by the R&B dept,

The construction stage involves the following activities by R&B Dept.:

- Tree plantation along the project corridor by the State Forest Department.
- Monitoring of environmental conditions through approved monitoring agency

#### 3.3 OPERATION STAGE

Operation stage actives are to be carried out by the Environmental Cell which includes mostly environmental monitoring of operational performance of the various mitigation/ enhancement measures which is carried out as a part of GSHP-II.

Table 3-1: Environmental Management Plan

El	NVIRONME	ENTAL ISSUES	Ref: CLAUSES	ADDITIONAL MEASURES TO BE ADOPTED BY THE CONTRACTOR	LOCATION <sup>3</sup>	RESPONSIBILITY
		ICTION STAGE				
1.1.	Pre-constru	ection activities by				
	1.1.1.	Utility Relocation and Common Property Resources (CPRs)	Clause 110.1. and 110.7 of MoRT&H	<ul> <li>R&amp;B dept, and concerned line departments shall take necessary precautions, and shall provide barricades/delineation of such sites to prevent accidents including accidental fall into bore holes, pits, drains both during demolition and construction/ relocation of such facilities. Standard safety practices shall be adopted for all such works</li> <li>Contractor shall be inventoried and mapped all the utility services that need to be relocating or shifting from the CoI.</li> </ul>	Corridor of Impact.	R&B Dept.
1.2.	Pre-constru	ction activities by	the Contractor/Engineer			
	1.2.1.	Joint Field Verification		<ul> <li>The Monitoring Consultant and Contractor shall ascertain the feasibility of implementing the Environmental Management Plan (EMP) through Joint field verification.</li> <li>Any observations / modification required in updating EMP shall be done by the Contractor in concurrence with Monitoring Consultant and a copy of the modified EMP shall be submitted to the R&amp;B dept, for review and approval.</li> </ul>	Along project corridor	Contractor under the supervision of the Monitoring Consultant
	1.2.2.	Procurement of Ma	achinery			
	1.2.2.1	Crushers, Hot- Mix Plants & Batching Plants	(i) Emission control legislations of CPCB/ GPCB for air, noise etc.  (ii) Clause 111.5 of MoRT&H (Pollution from Hot mix and Batching Plant)	<ul> <li>The contractor shall follow all stipulated conditions for pollution control as suggested by the GPCB in the consent/ NoC for establishing and operating the Hot-mix and Batching Plant.</li> <li>No such installation by the Contractor shall be allowed till all the required legal clearances are obtained from the competent authority and the same is submitted to the Monitoring Consultant/ R&amp;B dept,.</li> <li>The location of the hot-mix and batching plant shall be at least (i) 1000m away from settlements and shall be placed in the downwind direction and (ii) 10 km aerial distance away from the protected areas (sanctuary, national parks etc.).</li> <li>All possible efforts shall be undertaken to identify land for establishment of Hot Mix and Batching Plant, where no major alteration will be required compelling a drastic change in landuse.</li> </ul>	All construction machineries (Crushers, Hot-mix Plants & Batching Plants) should be kept/stationed 1000m away from settlements: Dhandhuka (0+000), Rojka village (7+000) Bhadiyad (16+000), Dholera (27+000)	supervision of the Monitoring

1.2.2.2.	Other	Discharge standards and	The contractor shall submit the detailed layout plan for approval to the Engineer before getting into formal agreement with landowners for setting up of such site. Actions by Monitoring Consultant and R&B dept, against any non-compliance shall be borne by the Contractor at his own cost.		Contractor under the
	Construction Vehicles, Equipment and Machinery	Noise limits as per Environment Protection Act, 1986 (EPA) Emission standards as per Bureau of Indian Standard (BIS) preferably Bharat IV emission norms	measures shall be used.  • Pollution under Control (PUC) certificates for all vehicles and machinery shall be made available to the Monitoring Consultant/R&B dept for verification whenever required.	Along project comuoi	supervision of the Monitoring Consultant
1.2.3.	Identification &	Selection of Material Sourc			
1.2.3.1.	Borrow Areas	Clause 305.2.2. of MoRT&H Clause 111.2 (borrow pits for embankment construction)	<ul> <li>The Monitoring Consultant shall inspect every borrow area location prior to issuing approval for use of such sites.</li> <li>Care shall be taken to avoid agriculture areas for planning haul roads for accessing borrow materials. In case of damage, the contractor shall be solely responsible and shall rehabilitate it, as approved by Monitoring Consultant/ R&amp;B dept.</li> <li>All borrow areas shall be restored either to the original condition or as per the approved rehabilitation plan by the Monitoring Consultant, immediately upon completion of the use of such a source.</li> </ul>	Source of borrow area at:  Umargadh, village (13+000), Kothadiya Kharad village (1+050) and Hajarat Alibaba Bhutiyadada village (3+800)	Contractor under the supervision of the Monitoring Consultant
1.2.3.2.	Quarries	Clause 111.3. of MoRT&H (procuring Quarry materials)	<ul> <li>No quarry and/or crusher units shall be established, which is within 1000m from the residential/ settlement locations, forest boundary, wildlife movement path, breeding and nesting habitats and national parks/sanctuaries.</li> <li>Contractor shall work out haul road network to be used for transport of quarry materials and report to Monitoring Consultant who shall inspect and approve the same.</li> </ul>	Nearest Quarry locations: Apollo, Othawad, National ((Nagnesh, Paliyad (Dholera)), Fulnath, Sayla (at Dhandhuka) For new quarry area, it should be located 1000m from the following locations: (i) Settlement locations: Dhandhuka (0+000), Rojka village (7+000) Bhadiyad (16+000) and Dholera (27+000), (ii) Surface water locations:	supervision of the Engineer

1.2.3.3.	Arrangement for Construction Water		<ul> <li>The contractor shall source the requirement of water preferably from surface water bodies, rivers, canals and tanks in the project area with the necessary approval from the concern authority.</li> <li>To avoid disruption/disturbance to other water users, the contractor shall extract water from fixed locations. The contractor shall consult the local people before finalizing the locations.</li> <li>Only at locations where surface water sources are not available, the contractor can contemplate extraction of ground water, after intimation and consent from the Monitoring Consultant.</li> <li>The contractor shall comply with the requirements of Central Ground Water Board, West Central Region (WCR), Ahmadabad, Gujarat and seek their approval for extraction of ground water.</li> </ul>	within the project area	
1.2.3.4.	Sand (all river and stream beds used directly or indirectly for the project)	Clause 111.3. o MoRT&H	<ul> <li>In case of selection of new sites for sand quarrying, the Contractor shall obtain prior approval and concurrence from Competent District Authority.</li> <li>To avoid accidents and caving in of sand banks at quarry sites, sand shall be removed layer by layer. Digging deeper than the permissible limit (0.9 metres) shall not be allowed. Such quarry shall be barricaded 10m away from the periphery on all sides except the entry point, so as to prevent accidental fall of domestic cattle, wildlife and human beings.</li> </ul>	locations: Fadiya River (Nagnesar)	Contractor under the supervision of the Monitoring Consultant
1.2.4.	Setting up constru	ection sites	, 0		
1.2.4.1	Construction Camp Locations – Selection, Design & Layout		Construction camps shall not be proposed:  (i) Within 1000m of ecologically sensitive areas (if any)  (ii) Within 1000m from the nearest habitation to avoid conflict and stress over the infrastructure facilities, with the local community	Nearest Habitations: Dhandhuka (0+000), Rojka village (7+000), Bhadiyad(16+000), and Dholera(27+000)	supervision of the Monitoring Consultant
1.2.4.2.	Requirement	Clause 108.3. o MoRT&H	The Monitoring Consultant shall ensure that the temporary site is cleared prior to handing over to the owner (after construction of completion of the activity) and it is included in the contract	Areas temporarily acquired for construction sites / hot mix plants / borrow areas / diversions / detours	
1.2.4.3.	Stock-yards		The contractor shall identify the location for stockyards for	Construction labor camps	Contractor under the supervision of the

		CI 2447 CEMB	<ul> <li>construction materials at least 1000m from water courses.</li> <li>Separate enclosures shall be planned for storing construction materials containing fine particles such that sediment-laden water does not drain into nearby storm water drains</li> </ul>	Nearest water body locations: Narmada Canal at Ch2+100 and 2 Ponds at Ch 11+700 and Ch16+000	Consultant
1.2.4.4.	Fuel storage and re-fuelling areas	Clause 2.1.1.7. of EMP (Stripping of Soil) Clause 2.1.4.1.2 of EMP (dispose the spent oil and grease)	<ul> <li>The contractor shall ensure that all construction vehicle parking locations, fuel/lubricants storage sites, vehicle, machinery and equipment maintenance and refuelling sites are located at least 500 m from rivers and irrigation canal/ponds.</li> </ul>	Construction labor camps Canals and Ponds locations: Near Narmada Canal at Ch2+100 and 2 Ponds at Ch 11+700 and Ch16+000	Contractor under the supervision of the Monitoring Consultant
1.2.5.	Labour Camp Ma	nagement			
1.2.5.1	Construction labour camps: Accommodation	Factories Act, 1948 and Building & other Construction Workers (Regulation of Employment and Conditions of Service) Act, 1996 (construction & maintenance of labor camp)	necessary (temporary) living accommodation and ancillary facilities for labourers, to standards approved by the Monitoring Consultant.  Labour camps shall not be located within 1000m from the nearest habitation to avoid conflicts and stress over the infrastructure facilities, with the local community. The location, layout and basic facility provision of labour camps shall be submitted to Engineer for approval prior to construction.	Along the project corridor at the location of construction labor camps	
1.2.5.2	Potable Water	The Contract Labour (Regulation and Abolition) Act, 1970 and Factories Act, 1948	<ul> <li>The contractor shall supply portable water through municipal/ panchayat sources. In case of groundwater it shall be treated prior to supply.</li> </ul>	Construction labor camps	Contractor under the supervision of the Monitoring Consultant
1.2.5.3	Sanitation facilities	Factories Act, 1948 for sanitation	<ul> <li>operated in such a fashion that no health hazards occurs and no pollution to the air, ground water or adjacent water courses take place.</li> <li>No shared toilet facility shall be closer than 100 feet to any sleeping room, dining room, lunch area, or kitchen.</li> <li>Floor drains shall be provided in all bathrooms.</li> <li>Each toilet rooms, bathing rooms and washing area shall be lighted naturally or artificially by a safe type of lighting at all hours of the day and night.</li> </ul>		Contractor under the supervision of the Monitoring Consultant
1.2.5.4	Waste Disposal	Municipal Solid Waste Management Rules – 2016 for effective waste disposal	<ul> <li>The contractor shall provide garbage bins in the camps and ensure that these are regularly emptied and disposed off in a hygienic manner.</li> <li>Disposal shall be at designated disposal sites as advised by the local Panchayat body or the municipal corporation</li> </ul>		Contractor under the supervision of the Monitoring Consultant

2.1.   Construction Stage Activities by Contractor   2.1.1.   Site Clearance     2.1.1.1.   Clearing and   Clause   201.   Of MoRT&H   Of MoRT&H     4.1.2.   Clearing and   Clause   Clause   Clause   Clause   Clause   Clause   Construction sites     5.1.2.   Clearing and   Clause   Clause   Clause   Construction sites     6.1.2.   Clearing and   Clause   Clause   Construction sites     7.1.3.   Clearing and   Clause   Clause   Clause   Construction sites     8.1.3.   Clearing and   Clause   Clause   Clause   Clause   Construction sites     8.1.3.   Clearing and   Clause   Clause   Clause   Clause   Construction sites     8.1.3.   Clearing and   Clause   Clause   Clause   Clause   Construction sites     8.1.3.   Clearing and   Clause   Cla	
2.1.1.1. Clearing and Clause 201. of MoRT&H  Clearing and MoRT&H  Clause 201. of disruption to flora is minimum. Only ground cover/shrubs that construction sites	
and MoRT&H disruption to flora is minimum. Only ground cover/shrubs that construction sites	
Grubbing  impinge directly on the permanent works or necessary temporary works shall be removed with prior approval from Monitoring Consultant.  In areas where grass or any form of vegetation is found, efforts to conserve topsoil shall be undertaken.  Top soil (10 cm) shall be preserved and stockpile	
The contractor than rollow an necessary measures (measures)	
2.1.1.3. Generation & Clause 202.5 of • Disposal of unutilized non-toxic debris shall be either through Throughout Project Corridor Contractor	under the

	disposal of Debris	MoRT&H. For Disposal of materials Construction and Demolition Waste Management Rules 2016	filling up of borrow areas or at pre-designated disposal sites, subject to the approval of the Engineer.  • At locations identified for disposal of residual bituminous wastes, the disposal shall be carried out over a 60 mm thick layer of rammed clay so as to eliminate the possibility of leaching of wastes into the ground water.  • Debris generated from pile driving or other construction activities along the rivers, streams and drainage channels shall be carefully disposed in such a manner that it does not flow into the surface water bodies or form puddles in the area.  • The pre-designated disposal locations shall be part of Comprehensive Solid Waste Management Plan to be prepared by Contractor in consultation and with approval of Monitoring Consultant.	supervision of the Monitoring Consultant
2.1.1.4.	Non-bituminous construction wastes disposal	Clause 202. Of MoRT&H	<ul> <li>The contractor shall finalise the location of disposal site based on the following.</li> <li>not located within designated forest area</li> <li>does not impact natural drainage courses</li> <li>No endangered/rare flora is impacted by such dumping.</li> <li>Settlements are located at least 1000m away from the site. The Monitoring Consultant shall approve disposal sites after conformation</li> </ul>	Contractor under the supervision of the Monitoring Consultant
2.1.1.5.	Bituminous wastes disposal	Clause 202.5. of MoRT&H	The disposal of residual bituminous wastes shall be done by the contractor at secure land fill sites, with the requisite approvals for the same from the concerned government agencies.	Contractor under the supervision of the Monitoring Consultant
	Stripping, stacking and preservation of top soil	Clause 301.3.2 for stripping and preservation  Clause 305.3.3 for construction and for embankments  Clause 301.7. for preservation of Top Soil	<ul> <li>Contractor shall strip the topsoil at all locations opened up for construction, including temporarily acquired land for traffic detours, storage, materials handling or any other construction related or incidental activities.</li> <li>Segregated topsoil shall be stored in stockpiles of 1 to 1.25-m height. The stockpiles shall be located such that disturbance to construction work is minimal.</li> <li>In dry weather conditions (between Feb - June), topsoil stacks shall be sprinkled with water on all sides to keep the moisture content of the stack.</li> </ul>	Contractor under the supervision of the Monitoring Consultant
2.1.1.7.	Accessibility		The Contractor shall provide safe and convenient passage for vehicles; pedestrians and livestock to and from roadsides and property accesses by providing temporary connecting road, as	Contractor under the supervision of the Monitoring Consultant

2.1.1.8.	Planning for Traffic Diversions and Detours	Clause 112. of MoRT&H	<ul> <li>necessary.</li> <li>Construction activities that shall affect the use of side roads and existing accesses to individual properties, whether public or private, shall not be undertaken without providing adequate provisions to ensure uninterrupted access, as approved by the Engineer.</li> <li>The Contractor shall take care that the cross roads are constructed in such a sequence that construction work over the adjacent cross roads are taken up in a manner that traffic movement in any given area does not get affected.</li> <li>Detailed traffic control plans shall be prepared by the contractor and the same shall be submitted to the Engineer.</li> <li>The Contractor shall provide specific measures for safety of pedestrians and workers as a part of traffic control plans. The</li> </ul>	All along the project corridor, all access roads.  Attention is required at:	Contractor under the supervision of the Monitoring Consultant
212	Control		Contractor shall ensure that the diversion/detour is always maintained in running condition, particularly during the monsoon to avoid disruption to traffic flow.  • The Contractor shall inform local community of changes in traffic routes and pedestrian access arrangements with assistance from Engineer and PIU.	Dhandhuka (0+000), Rojka village (7+000), Bhadiyad(16+000), and Dholera(27+000)	
2.1.2.	Construction Mate	erials			
2.1.2.1.	Earth from Borrow Areas for Construction	IRC 010-1961 (procurement of earth materials)	<ul> <li>The mitigation strategy in the form of Development and rehabilitation Plan shall be prepared by Contractor</li> <li>The borrow pits shall not be left in a condition likely to cause hazard to human and animal life.</li> <li>The contractor shall seek prior approval from the concern authorities for operating the borrow pit.</li> </ul>	All along the project corridor, all access roads, temporarily acquired sites & all borrow areas	supervision of the
2.1.2.3.	Blasting	Clause of 302. of MoRT&H		All blasting and Pre-splitting Sites.	Contractor under the supervision of the Monitoring Consultant
2.1.2.4.	Transport ing Constructi on Materials	Clause 111.9. of MoRT&H	<ul> <li>All vehicles delivering materials to the site shall be covered to avoid spillage of materials.</li> <li>The unloading of materials at construction sites close to settlements shall be restricted to daytime only.</li> </ul>	All along the Project corridor and all haul roads	Contractor under the supervision of the Monitoring Consultant
2.1.3.	Construction work				
2.1.3.1.	Disruption to other users of	Annexure "A" Protection of the	• In case of diversion of water bodies, the Contractor shall take prior		Contractor under the supervision of the

	Water	Environment of	approval of the Irrigation Department and Engineer for any such		PIU
		MoRT&H and Clause 2 Water Quality of MoRT&H	activity. The PIU shall ensure that Contractor has served the notice to the downstream users of water well in advance where such diversion of the flow is likely to affect the downstream population subject to the condition that under no circumstances the downstream flow shall be stopped.		
2.1.3.2.	Drainage and Flood Control  Siltation of Water Bodies and Degradation of Water Quality	Clause 306. of MoRT&H for soil erosion and sedimentation control	<ul> <li>Contractor shall ensure that construction materials like earth, stone, ash or appendage disposed off does not block the flow of water of any water course and cross drainage channels.</li> <li>Where necessary, adequate mechanical devices to bailout accumulated water from construction sites, camp sites, storage yard, excavation areas are to be arranged well in advance before the rainy season besides providing temporary cross drainage systems.</li> <li>The contractor shall take all adequate precautions to ensure that construction materials and excavated materials are enclosed in such a manner that erosion or run-off of sediments is controlled. Silt fencing shall be installed prior to the onset of the monsoon at all the required locations, as directed by Engineer and PIU.</li> <li>The contractor shall ensure that no material blocks the natural flow of water in any water course or cross drainage channel. Prior to monsoon, the contractor shall provide either permanent or temporary drains to prevent water</li> </ul>	Surface water sources/ drains/ Nalahs/ Ponds etc.  Silt fencing should be given near at: Narmada Canal at Ch2+100 and 2 Ponds at Ch 11+700 and Ch16+000  Surface water sources/ drains/ Nalahs/ Ponds etc. Silt fencing at: Water body location: Narmada Canal at Ch2+100 and two ponds at Ch 11+700 and Ch16+000.	Contractor under the supervision of the Monitoring
2.1.3.4.	Slope Protection and Control of Soil Erosion	MoRT&H for soil erosion and sedimentation control Clause 307. of MoRT&H for Turfing works Clause 308. of M MoRT&H for other measures of Slope Protection	The contractor shall construct slope protection works as per design, or as directed by the Engineer	High raise embankment and surface water bodies locations  Stone Pitching method at Canal crossings: Two ponds at Ch 11+700 and Ch16+000.	Contractor under the supervision of the Monitoring Consultant
2.1.4.	Pollution Control	·			

2.1.4.1.1	Water Pollution from Construction Wastes	Schedule VI - General Standards for Discharge of Environmental Pollutants (Liquid Waste Disposal) - CPCB The Environment (Protection) Rules, 1986 and Water Act, 1974	<ul> <li>The Contractor shall take all precautionary measures to prevent the wastewater generated during construction from entering into streams, water bodies or the irrigation channels.</li> <li>Contractor shall avoid construction works close to the streams or water bodies during monsoon.</li> <li>Surface water sources/ drains/ Nalahs/ Ponds etc.         At locations:         Narmada Canal at Ch2+100 and two ponds at Ch 11+700 and Ch16+000.     </li> </ul>	Contractor under the supervision of the Monitoring Consultant
2.1.4.1.2.	Water Pollution from Fuel, Lubricants and Chemicals	Petroleum Act and Rules and Environment (Protection) Rules, 1986 (Standards for Emission or Discharge of Environmental Pollutants Schedule – I) for Liquid Waste Disposal  Clause 111. (Precaution and Safeguarding the Environment)  Annexure 'A' to Clause 501 (Protection of Environment) - Section 2 water quality  Clause 301.3.2 of MoRT&H. (Stripping and preservation of top soil)	<ul> <li>Oil interceptors shall be provided for vehicle parking, wash down and refueling areas.</li> <li>In all, fuel storage and refueling areas, if located on agricultural land or areas supporting vegetation, the top soil shall be stripped, stockpiled and returned after cessation of such storage.</li> <li>Surface water sources/ drains/ Nalahs/ Ponds etc.         At locations:         Narmada Canal at Ch2+100 and two ponds at Ch 11+700 and Ch16+000.     </li> </ul>	Contractor under the supervision of the Monitoring Consultant
2.1.4.2.	Air Pollution	/		
2.1.4.2.1.	Dust Pollution	Annexure 'A' to Clause 501 (Protection of Environment) - Section 3 Air Quality Clause 111.5. of MoRT&H. (Hot mix plant and batch mix plant)	<ul> <li>The conditions for pollution control given in the NoC (consent for establish and operate) by the GPCB shall be strictly followed.</li> <li>Air pollution monitoring shall be conducted as per the Environmental Monitoring Plan and results shall be used to identify any additional pollution control measures required to be adopted.</li> </ul> Construction area/ site, Construction camps, Materials Loading/ unloading facilities	Contractor under the supervision of the Monitoring Consultant
2.1.4.2.2.	Emission from Construction Vehicles, Equipment and	Schedule-I: Standards for Emission suggested by CPCB/ GPCB	<ul> <li>Certification issued for such contrivances obtained from designated/approved authority shall be submitted along with the specified reporting format to the Engineer.</li> <li>Construction camps, Materials Loading / unloading facilities</li> </ul>	Contractor under the supervision of the Monitoring Consultant

24.4.2	Machineries  Noice Pollution		The contractor shall maintain a separate file and submit PUC certificates for all vehicles/equipment/machinery used for the project. Monitoring results shall be submitted to Engineer and PIU.		
2.1.4.3.1. 2.1.4.3.1.	Noise Pollution  Noise Pollution:  Noise from  Vehicles, Plants  and Equipments	Noise Limits for vehicles (Environment (Protection) Amendment Rules, 2000) and Part 'E', Schedule – VI of Environment (Protection) Rules, 1986.  Clause 5A The Noise Pollution (Regulation and Control) Rules, 2000 (sound emitting construction equipments)  Clause 201.2 of MoRT&H for Idling of temporary trucks	<ul> <li>conform to the MoEF/ CPCB noise standards.</li> <li>Noisy construction activities (such as crushing, concrete mixing, batching etc.) within 150m of the nearest habitation/ educational institutes/health centers (silence zones) shall be stopped during the night time between 9.00 pm to 6.00 am.</li> </ul>	Sensitive receptors:  Dhandhuka Residential area (0+000),  Temple (1+100), Aliyasar temple and Bhadiyad Dargah (16+200)  Sensitive habitations:  Dhandhuka (0+000),  Rojka village (7+000)  Bhadiyad (16+000) and  Dholera (27+000)	Contractor under the supervision of the Monitoring Consultant
2.1.4.4.	Safety	or temporary tracks			
2.1.4.4.1	Safety Procedures		<ul> <li>The Contractor shall:</li> <li>Comply with all applicable safety regulations,</li> <li>Take care for the safety of all persons entitled to be on the Site,</li> <li>Use reasonable efforts to keep the site and works clear of unnecessary obstruction so as to avoid danger to these persons,</li> <li>Provide fencing, lighting, guarding and watching of the works until completion and taking over and provide any temporary works (including roadways, footways, guards and fences) which may be necessary, because of the execution of the works, for the use and protection of the public and of owners and occupiers of adjacent land.</li> </ul>	All construction sites	Contractor under the supervision of the Monitoring Consultant
2.1.4.4.2	Care and supply of Documents		The contractor shall prepare, submit and obtain approval of the Engineer for construction Safety Management Plan 14 days prior to commencement of construction works at site.		Contractor under the supervision of the Monitoring Consultant

2.1.4.4.3	Contractors general obligations		specialized construction, handling and launching equipment and	Contractor under the supervision of the Monitoring Consultant
2.1.4.4.4	Personal Safety Measures for Labour, Material handling , Painting etc.	Factory Act, 1948, Factories (Amendment) Act, 1987 (Chapter -5 Safety)  Building and Other Construction Workers (Regulation of Employment and Conditions of Services) Act, 1996	during mobilization and approved by Engineer shall be adhered to by the Contractor throughout the construction period, and shall include provision of.  Protective footwear and protective goggles to all workers employed in mixing asphalt materials, cement, lime mortars, concrete etc.	Contractor under the supervision of the Monitoring Consultant
2.1.4.4.5	Health and Safety		The Contractor shall at all times take all reasonable precautions to maintain the health and safety of the contractor's personnel. In collaboration with local health authorities, the contractor shall	Contractor under the supervision of the Monitoring Consultant

			<ul> <li>service are available at all times at the site.</li> <li>The contractor shall appoint an accident prevention officer at the site, responsible for maintaining safety and protection against accidents. This person shall be qualified for this responsibility, and shall have the authority to issue instructions and take protective measures to prevent accidents. Throughout the execution of the works, the contractor shall provide whatever is required by this person to exercise this responsibility and authority.</li> <li>The contractor shall send, to the Engineer, details of any accident as soon as practicable after its occurrence.</li> <li>The contractor shall maintain records and make reports concerning health, safety and welfare of persons, and damage to property, as the Engineer may reasonably require.</li> </ul>	
2.1.4.4.6	Traffic Safety & Pedestrian Safety	Clause 112. of MoRT&H (Arrangement for traffic during construction)	Pedestrian Safety shall be ensured. Pedestrian circulation shall be demarcated prior to start & unsafe areas shall be cordoned off.  All along the project corridor demarcated prior to start & unsafe areas shall be cordoned off.	Contractor under the supervision of the Monitoring Consultant
2.1.4.4.7	Risk from Electrical Equipment(s)	Chapter -5 (Safety)	<ul> <li>No material shall be so stacked or placed as to cause danger or inconvenience to any person or the public.</li> <li>All machines to be used in the construction shall conform to the relevant Indian Standards (IS) codes, shall be free from patent defect, shall be kept in good working order, shall be regularly inspected and properly maintained as per IS provision and to the satisfaction of the Engineer</li> </ul>	Contractor under the supervision of the Monitoring Consultant
2.1.4.4.8	Safety during Road Works	Clause 112.4. of MoRT&H (Traffic safety) Clause 112.5. of MoRT&H (Maintenance and Diversions) IRC:SP:55 (Road signage and markings)	The contractor shall provide adequate signage and markings as per the instruction of the Engineer in the construction zones.  All along the project corridor and all haul roads	Contractor under the supervision of the Monitoring Consultant
2.1.4.4.9	First Aid	Section 36 (First Aid) of Building and the other Construction Workers(Regulation of Employment and Conditions of Service)	First aid measure shall be provided in the construction zones and labour camps.  All construction sites and labour camps.	Contractor under the supervision of the Monitoring Consultant

		Act, 1996			
2.1.4.5.	Cultural Property				
2.1.4.5.1.	Chance Found Archaeologic al Property	Ancient Monuments and Archaeological Sites and Remains Rules 1959 Ancient Monuments and Archaeological Sites and Remains (Amendment and Validation) Act 2010	<ul> <li>All fossils, coins, articles of value of antiquity, structures and other remains or things of geological or archaeological interest discovered on the site are the property of the Government and shall be dealt with as per provisions of the relevant legislation.</li> <li>The contractor shall take reasonable precautions to prevent his workmen or any other persons from removing and damaging any such article or thing.</li> </ul>	Along the project corridor	Contractor under the supervision of the Monitoring Consultant
2.2.	Environmental en	hancement and special is	sues		
2.2.1.	Enhancement measures		<ul> <li>Landscaping at junctions to improve aesthetics etc.</li> <li>Rehabilitation of cultural and community properties</li> </ul>	At suitable locations along the project road	Contractor under the supervision of the Monitoring Consultant
2.2.2.	Rehabilitation/ enhancement of Cultural and Religious Properties	Physical Cultural Resources (WB OP/BP 4.11)	• The architectural elements of the structure shall be conserved/reflected/translated into the design of new structures/enhancements in accordance with wishes of the community.		
2.2.3.	Flora and Chance found Fauna		<ul> <li>The contractor shall take reasonable precaution to prevent his workmen or any other persons from removing and damaging any flora (plant/vegetation) and fauna (animal) including fishing in any water body and hunting of any animal.</li> <li>If any wild animal is found near the construction site at any point of time, the contractor shall acquaint the Engineer and execute the Engineer's instructions for dealing with the same.</li> <li>The Engineer shall report to the nearby forest office (range office) and shall take appropriate steps/ measures in consultation with the forest officials.</li> </ul>	Along the project road / forest	Contractor under the supervision of the Monitoring Consultant
2.2.4.	Sensitive receptors		<ul> <li>Sensitive receptors like schools, hospitals are provided with permanent noise barriers prior to the start of work in order to minimize the dust and noise impacts due to vehicle movement (during / post construction). Their effectiveness to be checked during operation phase.</li> <li>Construction activities shall be confined within the present available CoI, regularly strict monitoring/supervision shall be done</li> </ul>	Dhandhuka Residential and Commercial area (0+000), Temple (1+100), Aliyasar temple and Bhadiyad Dargah (16+200)	Contractor under the supervision of the Monitoring Consultant

			to minimize/control air-noise pollution and abatement of dust particles at minimum level possible using well maintained modern machineries.		
	2.3.	Contractor Demobilization			
	2.3.1.	Clearing of Construction of Camps & Restoration	<ul> <li>Contractor to prepare site restoration plans for approval by the Engineer. The plan shall be implemented by the contractor prior to demobilization.</li> <li>On completion of the works, all temporary structures shall be cleared, all rubbish burnt, excreta or other disposal pits or trenches filled in and effectively sealed off and the site left clean and tidy, at the Contractor's expense, to the entire satisfaction of the Engineer.</li> <li>The topsoil removed and conserved earlier shall be spread over the restoration area as per the direction of the Engineer to facilitate the growth of vegetation.</li> <li>Residual topsoil shall be distributed on adjoining/proximate barren/rocky areas as identified by the Engineer in a layer of thickness of 75mm – 150mm.</li> </ul>	All Construction Workers' Camps	Contractor under the supervision of the Monitoring Consultant
	2.3.2.	Redevelopment of Borrow Areas	Redevelopment of borrow areas shall be taken up in accordance with the plans approved by the Engineer	At all borrow area locations suggested for the project. Umargadh, village (13+000), Kothadiya Kharad village (1+050) and Hajarat Alibaba Bhutiyadada village (3+800)	Contractor under the supervision of the Monitoring Consultant
B. OP	ERATION S	STAGE (Activities to be Carrie	d Out by the Contractor/R&BD/PIU)		
3.1		Monitoring and Evaluation of Operational Performance of Environmental Mitigation Measures	• The PIU shall monitor the operational performance of the various mitigation/ enhancement measures carried out as a part of the project. Monitoring and performance indicators have been indicated in Environmental Monitoring Plan (Table 4.2).	All along the project corridor	Contractor under the supervision of the Monitoring Consultant
3.2		Maintenance of Drainage	<ul> <li>PIU shall ensure that all drains (side drains and all cross drainages) are periodically cleared especially before monsoon season to facilitate the quick passage of rainwater and avoid flooding without damaging the spurs and check dams erected to stabilize the course and flow of all such drainage channels.</li> <li>PIU shall ensure that all the sediment/oil and grease traps set up at the water bodies are cleared once in every three months.</li> </ul>	At locations were bridge works and culverts are proposed.  Bridge locations at: 2+157 and 22+537.  There are 23 existing culverts in addition 8 more culverts are	Contractor under the supervision of the Monitoring Consultant

3.3	Pollution Monitoring	p	Contractor under the supervision of the
		pollution/contamination are to be continued at pre-designated	Monitoring Consultant
3.4	Atmospheric Pollution	monitored as envisaged in the Environmental Monitoring Plan at pre designated locations to compare the levels with the preconstruction data.  • Additional data at other location may be collected as per any site	Contractor under the supervision of the Monitoring Consultant
3.5	Noise Pollution	Monitoring Plan at sensitive locations where pre-construction noise data was collected. The functioning of the noise barriers shall be supervised and monitored for further improvement/replication at other affected points if necessary.  • Signage near sensitive locations shall be maintained and kept clean. Monitoring the effectiveness of the pollution attenuation measures shall be taken up as per Environmental Monitoring Plan (Table 4.2).	Contractor under the supervision of the Monitoring Consultant
3.6	Soil Erosion and Monitoring of Borrow Areas	quarries (if closed and rehabilitated), embankments and other places expected to be affected shall be carried to record and Kothadiya Kharad village	Contractor under the supervision of the Monitoring Consultant
3.7	Road Safety and Maintenance of Assets	Way limits of the project road.	Contractor under the supervision of the Monitoring Consultant

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> All locations are referred to design chainages

#### 4 IMPLEMENTATION ARRANGEMENTS

#### 4.1 ENVIRONMENTAL MONITORING PLAN

To ensure the effective implementation of the EMP, it is essential that an effective monitoring programme be designed and carried out. The contractor shall perform Environmental quality monitoring through NABL aggregated laboratory. Broad objectives of the monitoring programme are:

- To evaluate the performance of mitigation measures proposed in the EMP
- To suggest improvements in the management plans, if required
- To satisfy the statutory and community obligations
- To provide feedback on adequacy of Environmental Impact Assessment

#### 4.1.1 Monitoring Indicators

The monitoring programme contains monitoring plan for all performance indicators, reporting formats and necessary budgetary provisions. Physical, biological and environmental management components identified as of particular significance in affecting the environment at critical locations have been suggested as Performance Indicators (PIs). The Performance Indicators shall be evaluated under three heads as:

- Environmental condition indicators to determine efficacy of environmental management measures in control of air, noise, water and soil pollution;
- Environmental management indicators to determine compliance with the suggested environmental management measures.
- Operational performance indicators have also been devised to determine efficacy and utility of the mitigation/enhancement designs proposed.

Table 4-1: Environmental Monitoring Indicators

Sr. No.	Indicator	Details	Stage	Responsibility
A	Environmental Co	ondition Indicators and Monitoring Plan		
1	Air Quality		Pre- Construction	Contractor
	-	The parameters to be monitored, frequency and	Construction	Contractor
		duration of monitoring as well as the locations to be monitored will be as per the Monitoring Plan prepared (Refer Table 4.2)	Operation (DL Period)	Contractor
2	Noise Levels	Transpiepared (Refer Table 4.2)	Pre- Construction	Contractor
			Construction	Contractor
			Operation (DL Period)	Contractor
3	Water Quality		Pre- Construction	Contractor
			Construction	Contractor
4	Soil Quality		Pre-Construction	Contractor
			Construction	Contractor
В	Environmental Ma	nagement Indicators and Monitoring Plan		
1	Tree Cutting	Progress of tree removal marked for cutting is to be reported.	Pre-construction	Forest Department /PIU
2	Construction Camps	Location of construction camps have to be identified and parameters indicative of environment in the area has to be reported.	Pre- construction	Contractor
3	Borrow Areas	Location of borrow areas have to be identified and parameters indicative of environment in the area has to be reported.	Pre- construction	Contractor
4	Rehabilitation	Engineer will undertake site visits to verify that all borrow areas have been rehabilitated in line with the landowner's request and to their full satisfaction.	Construction	Contractor

For each of the environmental condition indicator, the monitoring plan specifies the parameters to be monitored; frequency and duration of monitoring. The monitoring plan also specifies the applicable standards, implementation and supervising responsibilities. The monitoring plan for environmental condition indicators of the project in construction and operation stages is presented in Table 4.2.

Table 4-2: Environmental Monitoring Plan

Attribute	Project Stage	Parameter	Special Guidance	Standards	Frequency	Duration	Location	Implementation
Air	Construction  Operation	SO2, NO <sub>x</sub> , PM <sub>10</sub> , PM <sub>2.5</sub> , CO	High volume sampler to be located 50m from the plant in the Downwind direction. Use method specified by CPCB for analysis. Environmental monitoring shall be conducted by NABL approved laboratory.	National Ambient Air Quality Standard , CPCB, 2009	One time in a seasons and three seasons per year  One time in a year	24 hours Sampling	Two location along the road (preferable construction site or sensitive receptor and settlement area) One location at Hot Mix / Batching Plant One location at labour camp site 2 location along the road (sensitive receptor / settlement area)	Contractor under the supervision of the Monitoring Consultant
Noise	Construction	Leq Day, Leq Night, L <sub>DN</sub>	Equivalent noise levels using an integrated noise level meter kept at a distance of 15 from edge of pavement Equivalent noise levels using an integrated noise level meter kept at a distance of 15 from edge of pavement. Environmental monitoring shall be conducted by NABL aggregated laboratory.	MoEF&CC Noise Rules, 2000	One time in a seasons and three seasons per year  One time in a year	24 hr sampling	Two location along the road (preferable construction site or sensitive receptor and settlement area), One location at Hot Mix / Batching Plant and One location at labour camp site 2 location along the road (sensitive receptor / settlement area)	Contractor under the supervision of the Engineer
		All essential characteristics and	Grab sample collected from source and Analyse as per Standard					Contractor under the
	1	characteristics and	and mary as per standard	<u>l</u>	l .			GIIGGI (IIC

Water	Construction	some of desirable characteristics as decided by the Environmental Specialist of the MC and PIU	Methods for Examination of Water and Wastewater. Environmental monitoring shall be conducted by NABL Approved laboratory.	Indian Standards for Inland Surface Waters (IS: 2296, 1982	Twice in a year (pre and post monsoon season)	Grab Sampling	Two Surface water and one ground water sources along the road	supervision of the Monitoring Consultant
Soil	Construction	Monitoring of Pb, SAR and Oil & Grease	Sample of soil collected to acidified and analysed using absorption Spectrophotometer. Environmental monitoring shall be conducted by NABL Approved laboratory.	Threshold for each contaminant set by IRIS database of USEPA until national standards are promulgated	Once in a year	Grab Sampling	Two locations along the road	Contractor under the supervision of the Monitoring Consultant
Borrow area	Pre- construction	Suitability of the material as per IS 2720	-	IS 2720	Once	Once	Borrow	Contractor under the
Rehabilitation of Borrow Areas	Construction	As per Guidelines	Visual Observation	-	Once in a month	-	area location	supervision of the Monitoring Consultant
HIV/ AIDS Prevention Measures	Construction	Awareness campaign  HIV/ AIDS  Screening of construction personnel's  IEC materials distribution  Condom Distribution	-	-	Quarterly Within 3 months of mobilization and every quarter during construction  Quarterly  Once a month	-	Construction and Labour Camp sites	Contractor under the supervision of the Monitoring Consultant / R&BD/PIU

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Parameters to be monitored for Operation stage is same as Construction stage

#### 4.2 REPORTING SYSTEM

Reporting system for the suggested monitoring program operates at two levels as:

- Reporting for environmental condition indicators and environmental management indicators
- Reporting for operational performance indicators at the PIU level

Contractor and Monitoring Consultant operate the reporting system for environmental condition and environmental management indicators.

Contractor will report to the Monitoring Consultant on the progress of the implementation of environmental conditions and management measures as per the monitoring plans. The Monitoring Consultant will in turn report to the PIU on a quarterly basis which will be reviewed. Reporting formats shall be prepared, which will form the basis of monitoring, by the Monitoring Consultant and/or the PIU as required.

Table 4-3: Summary details of Reporting

Format	Item	Stage	Contractor	МС	Project Implementation Unit (PIU)
140.			Implementation & Reporting to MC	Review and Reporting to PIU,	Oversee/ Field Compliance Monitoring
EM 1	Identification of Disposal Locations	Pre- Construction	One Time	One Time	One Time
EM 2	Setting up of Construction Camp	Pre- Construction	One Time	One Time	One Time
EM 3	Borrow Area Identification	Pre- Construction	One Time	One Time	One Time
	Borrow area management	Construction	Monthly	Quarterly	
EM 6	Status Regarding Rehabilitation of Borrow Areas	Construction	-	-	Half Yearly
EM 4	Tree Cutting status	Pre- Construction	-	-	Monthly
EM 5	Top Soil Monitoring	Construction	Monthly	Quarterly	Quarterly
EM 7	Construction Safety	Construction	Monthly	Quarterly	Quarterly
EC 1	Pollution Monitoring	Construction	As Per Monitoring Plan	Quarterly	Quarterly
EC 2	Pollution Monitoring	Post Construction (DL Period)	As Per Monitoring Plan	Quarterly	Quarterly

In addition to these formats, to ensure that the environmental provisions are included at every activity of the implementation by the contractor, it is suggested that the approval of the environmental personnel of the contractor is required in the request for application to proceed or other similar reporting formats used by the contractor. These will not only ensure that the environmental provisions are addressed but also link the satisfactory compliance to environmental procedures prior to approval of the Interim Payment Certificate (IPC) by the Monitoring Consultant. The activities by the contractor that can impact the environment will be identified based on discussions between the PIU, team leader of the Monitoring Consultant and the Environmental personnel of the Monitoring Consultant. The decisions will be communicated to the contractor prior to the start of the construction activities.

The contractor shall take all reasonable steps to protect the environment on and off the Site and to avoid damage or nuisance to persons or to property of the public or others resulting from pollution, noise or other causes arising as a consequence of his methods of operation.

# 4.3 CLAUSE FOR NONCONFORMITY TO EMP - PROTECTION OF THE ENVIRONMENT

The Contractor shall implement all mitigation measures for which responsibility is assigned to him as stipulated in the EMP Report. Any lapse in implementing the same will attract the damage clause as detailed below:

In line with the performance measurement system under Section VI – Specifications; Part 2A: Performance Specifications: Performance Specifications conformance with the required Environmental and Social requirements of this contract will be monitored and the results used to determine any non-conformance. Each individual breach of the CQAMP and/or its associated plans will be recorded as a non-conformance and will remain in place until resolved to the satisfaction of the Contract Provisions.

#### 4.4 INSTITUTIONAL SETUP

During implementation, the Contractor, Monitoring Consultant and PIU will be collectively responsible for ensuring effective implementation of the provisions of the EMP and to comply with all statutory and legal requirements and procedures applicable for the project. The institutional responsibilities for EMP implementation are presented in Table 4.4.

**Table 4-4: Institutional Responsibilities** 

S1.		Responsibilities				
No	ESMF Actions (Refer to concerned ESGPs for list of Actions)	Execution	Monitoring/Cross Check	Approval		
1	Environmental and Social Baseline data collection and mapping	Contractor	Monitoring Consultant	R&BD		
2	Undertaking Environmental & Social Assessment	Contractor	Monitoring Consultant	R&BD		
3	Undertaking Community Consultation process to feed into EA and EMP process	Contractor	Local Relationship Committee	R&BD		
4	Preparation of Environmental Management Plan based on referral ESGPs	Contractor	Monitoring Consultant	R&BD		
5	Self-Assessment of Environmental and Social Performance	Contractor	Monitoring Consultant	R&BD		
6	Performance Assessment by Employer	Monitoring Consultant	PIU	R&BD		
7	Setting up Labour Camps and labour deployment Setting up Concrete Batching Plant and Casting Yard Setting up Bituminous Hot Mix Plants Setting up Site Offices Setting up Construction Yards	Contractor	Monitoring Consultant	R&BD		
8	Sourcing Construction Materials such as Sand, Bricks, Stone, Ready Mix Concrete etc.	Contractor	Monitoring Consultant	R&BD		
9	Borrow area Management Identification of location Liaising with land owner Rehabilitation	Contractor	Monitoring Consultant	R&BD		
10	EHS related Policy and Regulatory Compliance	Contractor	Monitoring Consultant	R&BD		
11	Tree counting and documentation along with forest department	Contractor	Monitoring Consultant	R&BD		
12	Occupational Health & Labour Safety Measures	Contractor	Monitoring Consultant	R&BD		
13	Land Acquisition Pursuing the process of LA	PIU	PIU	Government of Gujarat		
14	R&R planning and RAP if any	Contractor	Monitoring Consultant	R&BD		
15	Prior information and disclosure to the public	Monitoring Consultant	Local Relationship Committee	R&BD		
16	Geotechnical Investigations	Contractor	Monitoring Consultant	Monitoring Consultant		
17	Clearing and grubbing	Contractor	Monitoring Consultant	Monitoring Consultant		
18	Dismantling of Structures	Contractor	Monitoring Consultant	Monitoring Consultant		
19	Traffic Management during Construction	Contractor	Monitoring Consultant	R&B D, with Traffic Police		
20	Deployment and Use of Construction Equipments, Vehicles etc	Contractor	Monitoring Consultant	Monitoring Consultant		
21	Project Road and other Network Roads used by Construction Traffic	Contractor	Monitoring Consultant	Monitoring Consultant		

S1.		Responsibilities				
No	ESMF Actions (Refer to concerned ESGPs for list of Actions)	Execution	Monitoring/Cross Check	Approval		
22	Earthwork in Excavation for Roadway in all Strata Including Rock.	Contractor	Monitoring Consultant	Monitoring Consultant		
23	Earthwork in Embankment Using Material Obtained Within RoW and Using Material Obtained from Borrow Areas	Contractor	Monitoring Consultant	Monitoring Consultant		
24	Utility Relocation	Concern Department	Monitoring Consultant	Govt. Of Gujarat		
25	Construction Waste Management Identification of locations, recyclers.  Compliance to Hazardous waste rule Waste Disposal methods  Quantifications of waste (all types)  Rehabilitation of disposal site	Contractor	Monitoring Consultant	Monitoring Consultant		
26	Soil Erosion and Sedimentation Control in Roadway	Contractor	Monitoring Consultant	Monitoring Consultant		
27	Bituminous Pavement Construction	Contractor	Monitoring Consultant	Monitoring Consultant		
28	Environmental Monitoring Air Pollution Noise Pollution Frequency for monitoring	Contractor	Monitoring Consultant	Monitoring Consultant		
29	Road Materials Testing Laboratory	Contractor	Monitoring Consultant	Monitoring Consultant		
30	General Workmanship	Contractor	Monitoring Consultant	Monitoring Consultant		
31	Onsite Concrete Preparation	Contractor	Monitoring Consultant	Monitoring Consultant		
32	Grievance management	Contractor	Monitoring Consultant/ LRC	The Employer		
33	Traffic Management at specific areas and during specific periods	Contractor	Monitoring Consultant	R&B Dept, with traffic Police		
34	Road Safety Audit and Accident Prone Spot Management	Contractor	Monitoring Consultant	Monitoring Consultant		
35	Streamlining Traffic flow at specific locations	Contractor	Monitoring Consultant	R&B Dept, with Traffic Police		
36	Emergency Incident and Accidents Management	Contractor	Monitoring Consultant	Monitoring Consultant		

#### 4.5 ENVIRONMENTAL CONSTRUCTION GUIDELINES

To assist the Contractor to deliver sustained environmental and social (E&S) performance, this contract references a set of guidelines for practice covering social and environmental aspects. These also define a minimum level of EHS&S mitigation and performance. Copies of these are available from the Employer. This will be issued to Contractor upon request.

The following set of referral Guidelines of practice covering social and environmental aspects has been provided for reference.

Table 4-5: Guideline for Good Environmental and Social Practices

#### ESGP No. Environmental and Social Guidelines for Practice (ESGP)

Planning P	Phase ESGP			
ESGP01	Felling of Trees			
ESGP02	Setting up Labour Camps and labour deployment			
ESGP03	Setting up Concrete Batching Plant and Casting Yard			
ESGP04	Setting up Bituminous Hot Mix Plants			
ESGP05	Setting up Site Offices			
ESGP06	Setting up Construction Yards			
ESGP07	Sourcing Construction Materials such as Sand, Bricks, Stone, Ready Mix Concrete etc			
ESGP08	Geotechnical Investigations			
ESGP09	EHS related Policy and Regulatory Compliance			
ESGP10	R&R planning and RAP framework			
Construction	on Phase ESGPs (Rehabilitation, Up-gradation and Routine Maintenance works)			
ESGP11	Prior information and disclosure to the public			
ESGP12	Clearing and Grubbing			
ESGP13	Dismantling of Structures			
ESGP14	Traffic Management during Construction			
ESGP15	Deployment and Use of Construction Equipment's, Vehicles etc.			
ESGP16	Project Road and other Network Roads used by Construction Traffic			
ESGP17	Earthwork in Excavation for Roadway in all Strata Including Rock.			
ESGP18	Earthwork			
ESGP19	Utility Relocation			
ESGP20	Construction Waste Management			
ESGP21	Soil Erosion and Sedimentation Control in Roadway			
ESGP22	Bituminous Pavement Construction			
ESGP23	Environmental Monitoring			
ESGP24	Road Materials Testing Laboratory			
ESGP25	General Workmanship			
ESGP26	Onsite Concrete Preparation			
Operation and Maintenance Phase SEGPs				
ESGP27	Grievance management			

### 5 ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENTBUDGET

Budgetary estimates for environmental management in the project include all items envisaged as part of the EMP. The environment budget includes provisions for various environmental management measures (other than measures considered under good engineering practices) and the environmental monitoring costs. Budgetary provisions for the project are presented in Table 5.1.

Table 5-1: Budgetary Provisions for Environmental Management Measures

S.	Item	Unit	Rate	Quantity	Cost (in INR)		
No.			(INR)				
A	CONSTRUCTION PHASE						
1	Site Clearance						
1.1	Disposal of unserviceable as well serviceable material	Cum					
	with all leads and lifts beyond the ROW						
	The 30 cm top layer of disposal pit shall be provided						
1.2	with good earth, suitable for development of	Cum					
1.2	vegetation/plantation. All work shall be carried out as per specifications 301.3.2 of MoRT&H and approval	Cum	Covered in Engineering cost				
	of the Engineer in Charge						
	Regular water sprinkling (at least 4 times) per day at all		_				
	construction sites for dust suppression.						
	<i>Note:</i> This item is to be operated after the completion						
1.2	of earthwork to suppress the visible dust levels. Cost	17					
1.3	of watering during compaction of earthwork is	Km					
	deemed to be already covered under civil works.						
2	Worker Safety						
		Nos					
2.1	labours during the construction phase of the project						
3	Construction near water bodies		1				
	Construction of silt traps at the discharge points of						
3.1	channels into to fresh water bodies across the project						
	road as indicated in the Clause 111.4 and 111.18	111					
3.2	Providing Oil Interceptors at the fuel/oil storage		50,000	2.0	1,00,000.00		
	camps or Construction camps.	nos					
	Enhancement Measures						
	Mota Hanuman Temple @ 0+950				226,254.00		
	Shivji Aliyasar Temple @ 16+200				94,198.00		
5	Monitoring of Environmental Attributes during Cons	truction A	ctivity				
5.1	AAQ sampling during construction period	Nos	7,500	24.0	1,80,000.00		
5.2	Ambient Noise Levels during construction period	Nos	3,000	24.0	72,000.00		
5.3	Water Quality	Nos	6,000	6.0	36,000.00		
5.4	Soil Quality	Nos	5,000	4.0	20,000.00		
6	HIV/ AIDS Prevention measures						
3.1	IEC materials - printing, publishing	_					
3.2	Healthcare clinic	Nos	50,000	6	3,00,000.00		
3.3	Condom vending machines						
	Environmental Budget During Construction Phase	1	1	1	10,28,452.00		
В	OPERATION PHASE				1		
1	AAQ sampling during operation period	Nos	7,500	16.0	120000.00		
2	Monitoring of Noise Level during operation period	Nos	3,000	16.0	48000.00		
	Environmental Budget During Operation Phase				1,68,000.00		
	Sub Total (A+B)				11,96,452.00		
	Grand Total INR. (Environmental Budget +3% conti		12,32,345.00				