

M

anagement Plan (EMP) of Karjan - Borsad, SH

Road & Building Department, GoG

# RENGINEERING CHARACTERISTICS

# 1.1 ROADWAY CHARACTERISTICS

- 1. The project corridor is a Maintenance / Rehabilitation corridor, part of SH-160 and SH-06 and SH-05 and covers a distance of 55.910 km. The corridor passes through four talukas namely Karjan, Padra of Vadodara District and Bhadaran, Borsad of Kheda District in Gandhinagar region. The corridor provides major linkage between Western Gujarat and Central region.
- 2. Road Inventory
- 3. The carriageway measured is 5.50m, 7.00m, and 10.0m wide, two lane throughout the



Photo 1.: Karjan-Borsad road Two Lane, km 43+800

length. Agriculture is the predominant land use on both sides of the corridor in most of the length. The corridor runs through mostly plain terrain and has CH type soil in most of the length and in some length it is of CH type soil. Error! Unknown switch argument. provides details of the project corridor.

Details	Karjan-Padra Road Start from Padra, Km 000+000 to Km 023+200	Padra- Mahuvad chokadi. Km 016+000 to Km 023+500	Mahuvad chokadi to Gambhira Bridge (Mujpur) Road. Km-0+000 to 4+240	Gambhira (Mahi bridge), Kinkhlod – Bhadaran – Borsad. Km 035+585 to Km 056+555
SH Number	SH-160	SH-05	SH-06	SH-06
Districts	Vadodara	Vadodara.	Kheda	Kheda
Start Chainage (km)	000+010	016+000	00+000	035+585
End Chainage (km)	023+200	023+500	04+240	056+555
Total Length (km)	23.200	07.500	4.240	20.970

**Table 1.1: Details of Project Corridor** 

Terrain	Plain	Plain	Plain	Plain
Carriageway (m)	5.50m and 7.00 mt & 10mt	10.00m and (at Padra & Mahuvad chokadi Two lane with divider)	7.00 mtr	(10.00m at Bhadaran & Kinkhlod chokadi Two lane with divider)

4. The present lane configuration is as above corridor length taken two lane in proposed corridor of Karjan-Padra-Mahuvad-Gambhira-Borsad Road (Start from Padra to Karjan, Km-0+00 to 23+200 i.e. 23+200 of karjan and ends at Borsad, Km-35+585 for the length of 55+910 Km.) with about 0.00 m to 1.50 m earthen shoulders on either side. The road formation height varies from 0.0 m to 4.0 m.

#### 1.1.1 En-route Settlements and Intersections

- 5. The project corridor, (1) Karjan Padra (SH 160 start from Padra to Karjan upto Amod Junction) en-routes 15 villages viz., Padra, Dhayaj, Narsipura, Goriyad, Sarsavani, Virpue, Medhad, Musepur, Manpur, Pingalvi, Kherda, Ansura, Karjan, Umaj Road, Karmadi Road, and on (2) Padra Mahuvad chokadi, ((SH 05) en-routs 3 villages viz., Padra, Dabhasa, Mahuvad. (3) Mahuvad chokadi to Gmbhira Bridge (Mujapur), en-routs 2 villages viz., Mahuvad and Ekalbara And (4) Borsad-Bhadaran-Kinkhlod Gambhira upto Mahi river bridge (SH 06) en-routs 14 villages viz., Part of Borsad town, Bhadaran, Rampura, Ingal vadi, Khedasa, Pipali, Moti Seradi, Kinkhlod, Mahadev Pura, Bilpada, Devpura, HimatPura, Gambira, and Bamangam.
- 6. Table 1.2 provides details of entoute villages and talukas.

Table 1.2: En-route Settlements

Settlement Name	Type	Start Chainage (km)	End Chainage (km)		
SH – 160, PADRA-K	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		<u> </u>		
Padra	Village	00+000	00+200		
Dhayaj	Village	01+750	02+250		
Narsipura	Village	02+450	02+600		
Goriyad	Village	03+750	04+325		
Sarsavani	Village	06+325	07+220		
Virpur	Village	09+950	09+990		
Medhad	Village	10+400	10+700		
Musepur	Village	12+350	12+480		
Manpur	Village	14+850	14+950		
Pangalvi	Village	15+600	15+640		
Kherda	Village	18+400	18+500		
Ansura	Village	18+530	18+900		
Karjan	Village	22+200	23+250		
Umaj Road	Village	22+300	22+320		
Karamadi Road	Village	22+740	22+750		
SH – 05, PADRA-MA	AHUVAD CHOKADI ROA	AD .			
Padra	Village	16+000	16+500		
Dabhasa	Village	20+400	20+650		
Mahuvad	Village	22+650	23+000		
		IRA BRIDGE (MUJAPUR) RO	AD		
Mahuvad	Village	22+650	23+000		
CIL AC DODGAD C	AMBIIIDA DOAD				
SH – 06, BORSAD-G	ANIBHIKA KUAD				

Settlement Name	Type	Start Chainage (km)	End Chainage (km)
Part of Borsad town	Village	35+000	35+600
Khambhat Road	village	33+000	33+000
Bhadaran	Village	38+900	39+300
Rampura	Village	43+150	43+250
Ingalvadi	Village	43+350	43+430
Khedasa	Village	43+470	44+250
Pipali	Village	44+800	44+825
Moti Seradi	Village	44+825	45+450
Kinkhlod	Village	46+850	47+900
Mahadev pura Road	Village	50+870	50+880
Bilpada	Village	51+100	51+475
Devpura	Village	52+550	52+560
Himat pura	Village	52+850	52+980
Gambira	Village	54+800	54+900
Bamangam	Village	54+800	54+900

7. There are total 15 Intersections/junctions across the project corridor, out of which 12 intersections / junctions are on Sh-236 and all are three armed intersections, while there are 3 intersections / junctions on SH-021 out of which one is four armed intersection and 2 are three armed junctions. Details of all Intersections / Junctions are tabulated in Table 1.3 below.

**Table 1.3 Details of Major/Minor Junctions** 

Cr. No	Intersection/Junction	Tyme	Chainage	Cido	Widtl	n (m)	Surface
Sr. No.	Name	Type (km)		Side	LHS	RHS	Type
SH – 1	60, PADRA-KARJAN	ROAD					
1	Karjan	3-Arm	20+800	LHS	7.0		BT
2	Karjan & Umaj	4- Arm	22+310	LHS & RHS	7.0	5.0	ВТ
3	Amod & NH-08	4-Arm	23+200	LHS & RHS	7.0	7.0	ВТ
SH - 0:	5, PADRA-MAHUV	AD CHO	KADI ROAI	)			
4	Padra	3-Arm	16+000	LHS	5.5		BT
5	Dabhasa	3-Arm	20+450	RHS		3.6	BT
6	Mahuvad	3-Arm	23+400	RHS		7.0	BT
SH - 0	6, MAHUVAD CHOKA	DI TO GA	AMBHIRA B	RIDGE (	MUJAPUR) RO	OAD	
SH -	06, BORSAD-GAMI	BHIRA R	OAD				
7	Khambhat	3-Arm	35+785	RHS		7.0	BT
8	Bhadran	3-Arm	39+025	RHS		7.0	BT
9	Aklave & Kinkhlode	4-Arm	46+850	LHS & RHS	5.5	3.6	ВТ
10	Kinkhlode	3-Arm	47+825	LHS	7.0		BT
11	Gambhira & Bamangaon	4-Arm	54+850	LHS & RHS	5.5	5.5	ВТ

# 1.1.2 Railway Crossing

8. There is one narrow gauge railway level crossing at Km 0+000 on SH-160. of padra karjan road

#### 1.1.3 **Pavement Condition**

9. The functional evaluation of existing pavement has been carried out by visual inspection. Judicious traveling and recording of the major distress types like cracking, potholes, raveling and rutting has been taken into account. Table 1.4 provides the pavement distress in terms of cracking, potholing and raveling against the percentage length of the corridor.

**Table 1.4: Pavement Condition of the Corridor** 

Corrowiter		Pe	rcentage Area of th	ne Corrid	lor
Severity	Cracking		Potholing		Ravelling
Nil	60 %	83.28 %		28.48 %	
Low		0.52 %	2.19 %		9.46 %
Medium		1.83%	1.95 %		47.13 %
High		1.31 %	12.58 %		14.93 %
Salient Observations		Salient Observ	ations	Salien	t Observations
• 96.34 % area is without cracking;		• Low to medium severe pot			to medium severe

# • Low to medium severe cracks has

# been observed in 2.35 % of area.

- holes has been observed for 4.14 % of area;
- High severity potholes are in 12.58 % of project length.

ravelling in 56.59 % of project length;



Cracks & Settlements Km 47+150 (SH-06) Borsad-Gamdhira Bridge roda



Block cracking Km 14+775 to14+875 (SH-160)Padra-Karjan roda

#### 1.1.4 **Structural Strength**

10. Structural strength of the existing pavement has been evaluated by Benkelman Beam deflection measurements. The details of investigation are discussed in the ensuing subsections.

# 1.1.5 Pavement Deflection Survey (BBD)

- 11. Pavement deflection surveys have been carried out in the month of December-2012 for Km 00+000 to Km 23+200 (SH-160), Padra-karjan road, and for Km 16+000 to Km 23+500 (SH-05), Padra-Mahuvad chokadi, Mahuvad chokdi to Gamdhira bridge 0 to 4.240
- and for km-35+585 to 56+555 (SH-06), Borsad-Gambhira Road on Karjan-Borsad project corridor using a Benkelman Beam in accordance with testing approach of IRC-81-1997. The deflection measurements are made in the outer wheel path in a staggered manner. 3 sets of measurements are taken at each point, namely D<sub>0</sub>, D<sub>2700</sub>, D<sub>9000</sub>. Pavement temperature and sub grade moisture data has also been collected during the course of the survey for applying temperature and seasonal corrections.

# 1.1.6 Temperature Correction

13. Pavement temperatures at the time of BBD measurements varied between 25°C and 36°C. The temperature correction is made as per clause 4.4.1 of IRC: 81-1997.

#### 1.1.7 Correction for Seasonal Variation

- 14. Characteristics of existing sub-grade have been collected during BBD survey. Rainfall characteristics of the project area were collected from local meteorological department. The correction for the seasonal variation is done in accordance with provisions of IRC: 81-1997 by using respective charts for rainfall and soil type.
- 15. The pavement condition is poor in most of the kilometers of the corridor. Characteristic deflection for the respective homogeneous sections (Table 1.5), are calculated as the mean plus 2 times the standard deviations.

Table 1.5: Homogeneous Sections Based on Deflection Values & Overlay required

Chaina	ige (km)	Characteristic	O L	Thickness	MSA	PCC	
From	То	deflection in mm (MM)		proposed	Xx10 <sup>6</sup>	Thic.	
	SH – 160,	PADRA-KARJAN R	OAD, Km 0.0	0 to 23+200			
0+0	0+500	2.11	173	115	6.05	25	
0+500	1+000	1.47	119	115	6.05	25	
1+000	1+500	1.18	78	115	6.05	25	
1+500	2+000	0 1.47 119		115	6.05	25	
2+000	2+500	0.90	NIL	115	6.05	25	
2+500	3+000	1.20	83	115	6.05	25	
3+000	3+500	1.09	58	115	6.05	25	
3+500	4+000	1.43	114	115	6.05	25	
4+000	4+500	1.44	115	115	6.05	25	
4+500	5+000	1.08	55	115	6.05	25	
5+000	5+500	1.01	20	115	6.05	25	
5+500	6+000	1.20	83	115	6.05	25	
6+000	+000 6+500 1.30		97	115	6.05	25	

Chainage (km)		Chamastavistia	O L	Thickness	MSA	DCC
From	То	Characteristic deflection in mm	(MM)	proposed	Xx10 <sup>6</sup>	PCC Thic.
6+500	7+000	1.70	142	115	6.05	25
7+000	7+500	1.16	73	115	6.05	25
7+500	8+000	1.16	73	115	6.05	25
8+000	8+500	1.02	27	115	6.05	25
8+500	9+000	1.00	NIL	115	6.05	25
9+000	9+500	0.93	NIL	115	6.05	25
9+500	10+000	1.07	51	115	6.05	25
10.000	10+400	Dropped Lengt h as		B Division , Vadodanst. with Approaches		ew Major
10+400	10+500	1.08	55	115	6.05	25
10+500	11+000	1.01	20	115	6.05	25
11+000	11+500	1.15	71	115	6.05	25
11+500	12+000	1.34	103	115	6.05	25
12+000	12+500	1.01	20	115	6.05	25
12+500	13+000	0.90	NIL	115	6.05	25
13+000	13+500	1.19	81	115	6.05	25
13+500	14+000	1.30	97	115	6.05	25
14+000	14+500	1.51	97	115	6.05	25
14+500	15+000	1.76	121	115	6.05	25
15+000	15+500	1.26	59	115	6.05	25
15.500	16+000	1.25	57	115	6.05	25
16+000	16.500	1.07	NIL	115	6.05	25
16+500	17+000	1.06	NIL	115	6.05	25
17+000	17+500	1.41	85	115	6.05	25
17+500	18+000	1.23	53	115	6.05	25
18+000	18+500	1.56	102	115	6.05	25
18+500	19+000	1.90	133	115	6.05	25
19+000	19+500	1.26	59	115	6.05	25
19+500	20+000	1.27	61	115	6.05	25
20+000	20+500	1.36	78	115	6.05	25
20+500	21+000	1.22	51	115	6.05	25
21+000	21+500	1.10	NIL	115	6.05	25
21+500	22+000	1.22	51	115	6.05	25
22+000	22+500	1.02	NIL	115	6.05	25
22+500	23+000	1.08	NIL	115	6.05	25
23+000	23+200	0.91	NIL	115	6.05	25
	SH – 05,	PADRA-MAHIIVAI	 D CHOKADI RO	AD, km-16+00 to 23	  +500	
16+0	16+500	0.93	75	115	10.97	25
16+500	17+00	1.03	95	115	10.97	-
17+000	17+500	1.64	172	115	10.97	25
17+500	18+000	1.16	120	115	10.97	
18+000	18+500	1.36	146	115	10.97	25
18+500	19+000	1.08	107	115	10.97	
19+000	19+500	1.28	137	115	10.97	25

Chainage (km)			0.7	Thickness	MSA	DCC
From	То	Characteristic deflection in mm	OL (MM)	proposed	Xx10 <sup>6</sup>	PCC Thic.
19+500	20+000	0.98	85	115	10.97	
20+000	20+500	1.33	142	115	10.97	25
20+500	21+000	1.18	123	115	10.97	
21+000	21+500	0.62		115	10.97	25
21+500	22+000	0.59		115	10.97	
22+000	22+500	1.13	116	115	10.97	25
22+500	23+000	1.78	181	115	10.97	
23+000	23+500	1.11	113	115	10.97	25
SH -	-06, MAHU	VAD CHOKADI TO GA	MBHIRA BRID	GE (MUJAPUR) RO	OAD, Km 00+0	00 to 4+240
SH –	06, BO	RSAD-GAMBHIRA ROA	D, Km-35+585	to 56+555		
35+585	36+0	1.68		115	23.09	25
36+0	37+0	1.00		115	23.09	25
37+0	38+0	1.12		115	23.09	25
38+0	39+0	1.12		115	23.09	25
39+0	40+0	1.12		115	23.09	25
40+0	41+0	1.12		115	23.09	25
41+0	42+0	1.12		115	23.09	25
42+0	43+0	1.12		115	23.09	25
43+0	44+0	1.12		115	23.09	25
44+0	45+0	1.12		115	23.09	25
45+0	46+0	1.12		115	23.09	25
46+0	47+0	1.12		115	23.09	25
47+0	48+0	1.12		115	23.09	25
48+0	49+0	1.12		115	23.09	25
49+0	50+0	1.12		115	23.09	25
50+0	51+0	1.12		115	23.09	25
51+0	52+0	1.12		115	23.09	25
52+0	53+0	1.12		115	23.09	25
53+0	54+0	1.12		115	23.09	25
54+0	55+0	1.12		115	23.09	25
55+0	56+0	1.12		115	23.09	25
56+0	56+555	1.12		115	23.09	25

# 1.2 BRIDGE/CD STRUCTURES

# 1.2.3 Introduction

16. A detailed condition survey by visual inspection of the existing structures has been carried out to assess and appreciate the number, type and condition / characteristics of the bridges and cross drainage (CD) structures. The bridge inventory and condition consists recording of administrative and technical data for each bridge such as name, location, construction data, length, type of material, carriageway width, type of structure.

# 1.2.4 Field Investigation

- 17. For the purpose of maintenance inspection, the bridges and CD works are classified in three categories:
  - i) Major bridges with length 60 meters or more;
  - ii) Minor bridges with length between 6-60 meters and
  - iii) Culvert with length up to 6 meters.
- 18. Data is collected with suitable format and photographs are taken for reference. The inspection is carried out as per guidelines of IRC (SP-35:1990) and the following aspects are documented:

#### **Concrete Elements**

- Measurement of external dimensions, preparation of sketches, and taking photographs of critical components;
- Cracking;
- Honeycombing;
- Scaling/spalling of concrete cover;
- Leaching;
- Holes in the deck slab;
- Corrosion in reinforcement.

### **Masonry Elements**

- Measurement of external dimensions, preparation of sketches and taking of photographs of critical components;
- Longitudinal cracks;
- Lateral and diagonal cracks;
- Cracks between the arch ring, spandrel or parapet wall;
- Loosening of mortar.

# **Other Elements**

- 19. The condition of the following components is also assessed:
- Expansion joints, if provided;
- Back wall and bearing shelf of piers of abutments;
- Drainage system, choking of Hume pipes, silting, etc;
- Railings/parapet;
- Footpaths and kerb, if any;
- Drip course, if provided;
- Wearing coat;
- Furniture items of bridge;
- Abnormal scouring, local scouring, etc.;
- Apron flooring, cut-off walls, wing walls, etc.
- 20. The structures have already been in existence for 50% to 75% of their design lives, assuming a 50 years life. They exhibit distresses of various kinds. Broadly the defects identified are:
- Honeycombing, exposure of reinforcement and cracks in RCC components;

- Highly corroded reinforcement;
- RCC railings either broken or cracked in most cases;
- Wearing coat on bridges generally severely cracked;
- Cracks in back wall and wing wall of abutment in major and minor bridges;
- Longitudinal joints between concrete and masonry where widening has already been done are not water proofed;

# 1.2.5 Inventory and Condition

21. Total number of structures present along Savarkundla – Dhasa project corridor is 49, out of which 40 are on SH-236 (3 are Major Bridges, 16 are Minor Bridges, 4 are Slab Culverts, 15 are H P Drains and 2 are Causeways) and 9 are on SH-021 (5 are minor bridges, and 4 are Slab Culverts). A summary of the same is presented in Table 1.9.

**Table 1.6: Number and Type of Structures** 

Ту	pe of Structures	Number of Structures
SH – 160 Karjan-I	Padra Road, Km 0.00 to 23+200	•
Bridges	Major	02
	Minor	01
Culverts	H.P.Drain	24
	Slab	9
	Canal Structures	2
	Total	38
SH – 05 Padra Mal	huvad chokadi Road	
Bridges	Box Culverts	07
Culverts	H.P.Drain	18
	Canal Structures	00
	Total	25
SH – 06, MAHUVAD CH	IOKADI TO GAMBHIRA BRIDGE (	MUJAPUR) ROAD, Km 00+00 to 4+240
	Major	01
	Box Culverts	01
	H.P.Drain	06
	Total	8
SH – 06 Borsad-G	amhira Bridge Road Km-35+585	to 56+555
Bridges	Major	01
	Minor	
Culverts	H.P.Drain	19
	Slab Drain	08
	Canal Structures	05
	Total	33
<b>Total Number of Structures</b>		104

## 1.2.5.1 Major Bridges

21. There are total 03 major bridges. Overall width of major bridges 7.5 m. to 10.00 m. The details of existing carriageway width and number of major bridges falling under each category are given in Table 1.7

**Table 1.7: Details of Major Bridges** 

Sr. No	Chainage (km)	Structure Number/ River Name	Type of Bridge	Nos. of span	Span length (m)	Total Length of Bridge (m)	Total Width of bridge (m)	Carriageway Width (m)	Structure Condition		
	SH – 160 Karjan-Padra Road, Km 0.00 to 23+200										

Sr. No	Chainage (km)	Structure Number/ River Name	Type of Bridge	Nos. of span	Span length (m)	Total Length of Bridge (m)	Total Width of bridge (m)	Carriageway Width (m)	Structure Condition		
1	14+200	'KOTHWA DA'/ dhadhar	Solid Slab	3	15.30	50	7.50	6.90	1. VEGETATION 2.LHS & RHS BED APPRON DAMAGED		
2	10+350	'ON VISHVAMI TRI RIVER'	Solid Slab	2	10.0	45	7.50	6.85	1. UNDER CONSTRUCTION (Before this was as a Minor bridge)		
	SH - 06, I	MAHUVAD (	СНОКА	ADI TO	GAMB	HIRA BRID	GE (MUJA	PUR) ROAD,	Km 00+00 to 4+240		
1	3+200	'ON MAHISAGA R RIVER'	Solid Slab	21 2	37.75 33.00	832	7.50	6.90	1. VEGETATION 2.Top wearing coat need		
	SH – 06 Borsad-Gamhira Bridge Road Km-35+585 to 56+555										
3	51+965	'LOCAL NALLA'	Solid Slab	2	20.00	46.00	9.70	6.85	1. VEGETATION 2. PARAPET OF BRIDGE DAMGED 3.THREE JOINTS ARE OPENED 4.LHS & RHS PIPE RAILING TOTALLY DAMAGED		





MJBR on river Dhaddar Km ch 14+200

MJBR on river Dhaddar Km 14+200



MJBR on river Dhaddar km- 14+200

# 1.2.5.2Minor Bridges

There are total 01 minor bridges. Overall width of minor bridges 7.5 m. The details of existing carriageway width and number of minor bridges falling under each category are given in Table 1.8.

**Table 1.8: Details of Minor Bridges** 

Sr. No	Chainage (km)	Structure Number/ River Name	Type of Bridge	Nos. of span	Span length (m)	Total Length of Bridge (m)	Total Width of bridge (m)	Carriageway Width (m)	Structure Condition				
	SH – 160 Padra Karjan Road												
1	11+900		Slab type	2	15.00	32.00	11.7	7.50	Maso. Parapet     Damaged     Railing on both ends     damaged     Protection work of     guide bund required to     repaired.     Vegetation.				

# 1.2.5.2 Canal Crossing

The Details of Canal crossing are given below in Table.

Sr. No	Chainage (km)	Structure Number/ River Name	Type of Bridge	Nos. of span	Span length (m)	Total Length of Bridge (m)	Total Width of bridge (m)	Carriageway Width (m)	Structure Condition
	SH – 1	60 Padra K	arjan F	Road					
1	0+575		Canal Structu re with slab	1	6.00	LHS-6.30 RHS-12.45	7.00	7.00	1.RHS-Headwall collapsed for 4.50 2. Vegetation
2	19+200		Canal Crossi ng	1	0.350	4.60	15.70	5.50	1. Vegetation
SH -	- 06 Borsa	d Gambhir	a Bridg	ge Road	d. Km-	35+585 to 50	6+555d		
1	36+010		Canal Structu re with slab	1	6.00	LHS-6.30 RHS-12.45	7.00	7.00	1.RHS-Headwall collapsed for 9.45 m 2. Vegetation
2	37+500		Canal Sypho n	1	0.600	8.30	7.50	7.00	1. Vegetation
3	42+900		Canal Sypho n (Ske w)	1	0.600	20.00	12.50	7.00	1. vegetation
4	45+200		Canal Sypho n (Ske w)	1	0.600	20.00	12.50	7.00	1. vegetation

Sr. No	Chainage (km)	Structure Number/ River Name	Type of Bridge	Nos. of span	Span length (m)	Total Length of Bridge (m)	Total Width of bridge (m)	Carriageway Width (m)	Structure Condition
5	48+800	1	Canal Sypho n (Ske w)	1	0.600	20.00	12.50	7.00	1. vegetation

# 1.2.5.3 Culverts

Total of 107 number culverts exists on this corridor out of which 72 are pipe culverts and 22 are slab culverts and 7 Nos are Canal crossing structures. Width of all culverts is 6.50m to 12.5m.. The summarized condition by number and type of structures are presented in Table 1.9.

**Table 1.9: Details of Culverts** 

		Structure			Span angement			Carriage	
Sr. No	Chainage (km)	Number/ river Name	Type of Structure	No.	Pipe Dia.\ Span Length (m)	Total Length	Total Width (m)	way Width (m)	Structure Condition
	SH-16	60 Padra I	Karjan Road	Km-	0.00 to 23	3+200			
1	0+295		Slab Drain	1	3.00	6.50	11.50	5.50	1. Vegetation Good Condition
2	0+500		H.P.Drain	1	0.600	12.5	8.90	7.00	Vegetation     Head wall out of plumb     Broken.
3	0+715		Slab Drain	1	3.00	17.20	11.50	5.50	Vegetation     H.Wall damaged
4	2+.070		Slab Drain	1	3.00	11.50	12.10	5.50	Vegetation     Plaster need to Head wall
5	3+245		H.P.Drain (Skew)	1	0.900	5.00	7.50	5.50	Vegetation     C.C. Block need on bothside
6	3+875		Slab Drain	1	3.10	9.60	8.25	5.50	Vegetation     Both Head wall damaged     Plaster need to Head wall
7	4+025		H.P.Drain (Skew)	1	0.600	5.60	8.00	5.50	Vegetation     Head wall damaged     blockage
8	4+275		H.P.Drain	1	0.900	5.00	8.50	5.50	Vegetation     Head wall damaged     blockage
9	4+320		H.P.Drain	2	0.900	7.50	7.50	5.50	vegetation     Both Headwall damaged
10	4+994			1	0.900	5.00	7.50	5.50	1. vegetation

		Structure		Δrr	Span angement			Carriage	
Sr. No	Chainage (km)	Number/ river Name	Type of Structure	No.	Pipe Dia.\ Span Length (m)	Total Length	Total Width (m)	way Width (m)	Structure Condition
			H.P.Drain (Skew)						2.LHS H.Wall need Damaged 3. Pipe blocked partly
11	6+238		H.P.Drain	1	0.750	4.25	7.50	5.50	vegetation     Partly Damaged Headwall
12	6+500		H.P.Drain	2	0.900	6.00	11.20	5.50	vegetation     Partly Damaged     Headwall
13	6+615		Slab Drain	1	4.00	11.60	10.70	5.50	Vegetation     Both Head wall need Plaster.
14	7+017		H.P.Drain (Skew)	2	0.900	6.00	9.80	5.50	vegetation     Plaster need to Head wall     Pipe blocked fully
15	7+183		H.P.Drain	1	0.900	6.15	10.00	5.50	<ol> <li>vegetation</li> <li>Partly blocked</li> <li>H.Wall need Plaster.</li> </ol>
16	8+180		H.P.Drain	1	0.900	6.00	12.50	5.50	vegetation     Partly blocked     New Head wall required to be construct at both end of pipe.
17	8+750		H.P.Drain	1	0.900	6.00	12.50	5.50	1. vegetation 2. Pipe blocked
18	9+500		H.P.Drain	1	1.200	6.35	13.15	6.50	vegetation     Partly blocked pipe     Coping need on both Headwall
19	10+690		H.P.Drain (Skew)	1	0.900	6.40	15.00	6.50	<ol> <li>vegetation</li> <li>Pipe blocked.</li> </ol>
20	11+350		Slab Drain	2	10.00	30.00	9.70	7.00	vegetation     Some part of Abutment     Pier required plaster.     On Bothside of Nalla     portion required to be     protected with C.C. Aprons
21	11+595		H.P.Drain	2	0.900	5.80	10.90	5.50	vegetation     Partly blocked     Head wall out of plumb     Broken.
22	11+850		H.P.Drain	2	0.900	5.80	25.00	6.50	1. vegetation
23	11+930		H.P.Drain	1	0.900	6.50	25.00	6.50	1. vegetation
24	12+600		H.P.Drain	1	0.900	6.50	10.20	5.50	vegetation     Head wall out of plumb     Broken.

					Span				
Sr. No	Chainage (km)	Structure Number/ river Name	Type of Structure	No.	Pipe Dia.\ Span Length (m)	Total Length	Total Width (m)	Carriage way Width (m)	Structure Condition
25	12+925		H.P.Drain (Skew)	1	0.900	6.50	10.20	5.50	1. vegetation
26	14+700		Slab Drain (Skew)	2	10.00	25.00	12.00	7.00	bottom slab required plaster     Vegetation
27	15+050		Slab Drain (Skew)	1	3.00	19.50	9.00	5.50	bottom slab required plaster     Vegetation
28	17+680		H.P.Drain	1	0.900	4.60	15.70	5.50	vegetation     Pipe blocked.
29	19+225		H.P.Drain	1	0.900	4.60	15.70	5.50	1. vegetation 2. Pipe blocked. 3.0 RHS & LHS H.Wall Damaged
30	19+725		Slab Drain	1	3.00	5.85	10.20	5.50	Vegetation     RHS H.Wall Damaged
31	20+225		H.P.Drain	1	0.900	4.60	12.60	5.50	<ol> <li>vegetation</li> <li>Pipe blocked.</li> </ol>
32	20+800		H.P.Drain	2	1.200	8.05	10.30	7.00	vegetation     Head wall Damaged     Pipe blocked.
33	21+175		H.P.Drain	2	0.900	7.70	10.40	7.00	vegetation     Head wall Damaged     Pipe blocked.
34	21+393		H.P.Drain	1	0.450	4.80	15.50	7.00	<ol> <li>vegetation</li> <li>Head wall Damaged</li> <li>Pipe blocked.</li> </ol>
35	22+280		H.P.Drain	1	0.900	5.20	15.50	7.00	<ol> <li>vegetation</li> <li>Head wall Damaged</li> <li>Pipe blocked.</li> </ol>
	SH – 05 P	adra Mah	uvad chokad	i Roa	d				
1	16+070	17/1	Box Culverts	2	3.000	```5.20	15.50	7.00	1. vegetation
2	16+180	17-1A	Box Culverts	2	3.000	15.0	12.5	10	1. vegetation
3	16+290	17/2	H.P.Drain	2	1.200	10.5	12.5	10	1. vegetation
4	16+590	17/3	H.P.Drain	2	1.200	10	12.5	10	1. vegetation
5	16+846	17/4	H.P.Drain	2	0.900	10	12.5	10	1. vegetation
6	17+318	18/1	H.P.Drain	3	0.900	10	12.5	10	1. vegetation
7	17+465	18/2	H.P.Drain	2	0.900	10	12.5	10	1. vegetation
8	17+652	18/3	H.P.Drain	3	1.200	10	12.5	10	1. vegetation
9	17+945	18/4	H.P.Drain	2	0.900	10	12.5	10	1. vegetation

					Span				
Sr. No	Chainage (km)	Structure Number/ river Name	Type of Structure	Arra No.	Pipe Dia.\ Span Length (m)	Total Length	Total Width (m)	Carriage way Width (m)	Structure Condition
10	18+740	19/1	Box Culverts	2	3.00	10	12.5	10	1. vegetation
11	19+325	20/1	Box Culverts	1	5.00	10	12.5	10	1. vegetation
12	19+460	20/2	H.P.Drain	2	0.750	10	12.5	10	1. vegetation
13	20+275	21/1	Box Culverts	1	4.00	10	12.5	10	1. vegetation
14	20+700	21/2	Box Culverts	2	3.00	10	12.5	10	1. vegetation
15	20+925	21/3	H.P.Drain	2	0.900	10	12.5	10	1. vegetation
16	21+320	22/1	H.P.Drain	2	0.900	10	12.5	10	1. vegetation
17	21+540	22/2	H.P.Drain	1	1.200	10	12.5	10	1. vegetation
18	21+656	22/3	H.P.Drain	1	0.900	10	12.5	10	1. vegetation
19	21+860	22/4	H.P.Drain	1	0.900	10	12.5	10	1. vegetation
20	22+363	23/1	H.P.Drain	2	0.900	10	12.5	10	1. vegetation
21	22+784	23/2	H.P.Drain	1	0.900	10	12.5	10	1. vegetation
22	22+800	23/3	Box Culverts	1	4.00	10	12.5	10	1. vegetation
23	22+900	23/4	H.P.Drain	1	0.900	10	12.5	10	1. vegetation
24	23+070	24/1	H.P.Drain	2	1.200	10	12.5	10	1. vegetation
25	23+563	24/2	H.P.Drain	2	0.900	10	12.5	10	1. vegetation
	SH – 06,	MAHUVAI	O CHOKADI T	ΓO GA	AMBHIRA	BRIDGE	E (MUJA	PUR) ROA	AD, Km 00+00 to 4+240
1	0+		H.P.Drain	2	0.900	10	12.5	10	1. vegetation
2	0+		H.P.Drain	1	0.900	10	12.5	10	1. vegetation
3	1+		H.P.Drain	1	0.900	10	12.5	10	1. vegetation
4	1+		H.P.Drain	4	0.900	10	12.5	10	1. vegetation
5	1+		H.P.Drain	1	0.900	10	12.5	10	1. vegetation
6	2+		Box Culverts	2	3.00	10	12.5	10	1. vegetation
7	2+		H.P.Drain	2	0.900	10	12.5	10	1. vegetation

		Structure			Span angement			Carriage	
Sr. No	Chainage (km)	Number/ river Name	Type of Structure	No.	Pipe Dia.\ Span Length (m)	Total Length	Total Width (m)	way Width (m)	Structure Condition
	SH –	06 Borsad	Gambhira	Bridg	e Road. K	m-35+58	85 to 56-	+555	
1	35+775		H.P.Drain (Skew)	1	1.200	20.00	6.60	7.00	Vegetation     Partly blocked
2	36+825		H.P.Drain	1	0.600	10.00	8.90	7.00	Vegetation     Head wall out of plumb     Broken.     Partly blockage.
3	38+286		Slab Drain	1	3.00	10.20	4.40	7.00	Vegetation     LHS H.Wall Collapsed     Returns block damaged
4	38+771		H.P.Drain	1	1.200	3.05	11.30	7.00	Vegetation     Head wall damaged partly     Partly blockage
5	39+800		H.P.Drain	2	1.200	25.00	12.70	7.00	Vegetation     Head wall damaged partly LHS     Partly blockage
6	40+300		H.P.Drain	3	1.200	22.5 x 3	22.50	7.00	vegetation     Some Masonary on LHS     H.Wll collapsed     Both side Apron Need for flow.
7	40+650		H.P.Drain (Skew)	3	1.200	25.0 x 3	13.10	7.00	vegetation     Pointing needs to both     H.Wall
8	41+645		H.P.Drain	1	0.900	5.20	9.90	7.00	1. vegetation 2. RHS H.Wall need to rise 3. Parapet broken.
9	42+575		H.P.Drain	2	0.600	12.50	13.00	7.00	vegetation     Partly blocked
10	42+940		H.P.Drain	1	0.600	5.60	10.40	7.00	vegetation     Head wall on RHS     Collapsed damaged     OPartly blocked.
11	43+390		H.P.Drain (Skew)	1	0.900	14.0	6.20	5.50	vegetation     HP is of NP-2 edge is damaged.     Head wall fully damaged.     Parapet broken.
12	43+500		H.P.Drain	3	1.200	8.90	14.60	7.00	vegetation     Partly blocked     H.Wall need to rise
13	44+275		H.P.Drain	2	1.200	7.00	12.70	7.00	vegetation     Partly blocked     H.Wall need to rise
14	46+390		H.P.Drain	1	0.900	6.00	12.70	7.00	<ol> <li>vegetation</li> <li>Partly blocked pipe</li> </ol>
15	46+500		H.P.Drain	1	0.900	5.60	10.00	7.00	1. vegetation 2.RHS H.Wall Need to rise 3. Pipe blocked.

		Structure		Arr	Span angement			Carriage	
Sr. No	Chainage (km)	Number/ river Name	Type of Structure	No.	Pipe Dia.\ Span Length (m)	Total Length	Total Width (m)	way Width (m)	Structure Condition
16	46+700		Slab Drain	2	6.00	12.40	10.50	7.00	vegetation     One span of slab drain blocked     Crash Barrier need on both side
17	47+.080		Slab Drain	1	3.000	4.20	10.00	7.00	bottom slab required plaster     Some part of Abutment Brickwall on LHS damaged     Returns damaged     Vegetation
18	47+250		Slab Drain	1	6.00	5.50	10.00	7.00	bottom slab required plaster     LHS & RHS Appron need for smooth flow in RCC     Returns damaged     Vegetation
19	47+600		Slab Drain	2	2.75	11.40	10.00	7.00	bottom slab required plaster     Onespan blocked     Vegetation
20	47+700		Slab Drain	2	7.00	14.50	17.50	7.00	bottom slab required plaster     Vegetation
21	49+225		Slab Drain (Skew)	1	3.00	4.30	17.50	7.00	bottom slab required plaster     Vegetation
22	50+200		H.P.Drain	2	1.200	7.50	12.50	7.00	vegetation     No Head wall     Constructed     Pipe blocked.
23	50+640		H.P.Drain	3	0.900	7.50	12.50	7.00	vegetation     No Head wall     Constructed     Pipe blocked.
24	50+975		Slab Drain	2	6.00	12.40	11.20	7.00	bottom slab required plaster     Vegetation
25	52+170		Slab Drain	1	4.00	5.50	10.40	7.00	bottom slab required plaster     Vegetation
26	52+500		H.P.Drain	3	1.200	7.50	12.50	7.00	vegetation     No Head wall     Constructed     Pipe blocked.
27	54+100		H.P.Drain	2	0.900	25.00	25.00	7.00	vegetation     Pipe blocked.
28	55+875		H.P.Drain	3	1.200	25.00	25.00	7.00	vegetation     Head wall Constructed     Pipe blocked.

Out of 107 culverts 02 H P drains Head wall tobe reconstruct being damaged with width of 12.50 mtr.

#### MATERIAL AND GEOTECHNICAL INVESTIGATIONS

#### Introduction

Soil and material investigations are the foundation of successful highway projects. An effort spent on investigations pays many folds in terms of appropriate, economic and adequate design and also benefits in smooth and faster project implementation. The information collected, samples submitted to the GERI and test results have the direct bearing on the design of pavement structure as well as cost of the project. Investigations for soil and other materials have been carried out to establish the following requirements. Selection and location of suitable materials for sub grade, embankments, pavement layers, structures; Pavement sub-grade characteristics and strength;

Assessment of properties of the existing pavement layers for its rehabilitation option;

Investigation of required sub-grade and sub-soil characteristics and strength for road and embankment design and sub soil investigation;

Identification of sources of construction materials;

To provide the most reliable material characteristics input to design the new pavement;

Assessment of properties of the existing pavement layers for its rehabilitation option.

To provide the most reliable material characteristics input to design the new pavement; the soil and material investigation has been divided into the following components to satisfy all the above mentioned objectives: Trial pits followed by sampling at various levels;

Field density and field moisture tests on existing sub-grade followed by laboratory tests;

Identification of sources of construction materials on the basis of local inquiries;

Identification of new borrow area for material suitable for use in embankment, sub grade and granular subbase;

Investigating materials available at identified sources for stone aggregate and sand;

Identifying sources for other construction material like cement, bitumen, steel etc.

Testing procedures followed for soil investigations as per codes listed in Table 1.13 and for other construction materials test procedures followed are as per national and international codes like BIS, ASTM, BS as applicability to determine their suitability in accordance with MORT&H specifications. All laboratory tests conducted at National Accreditation Board for Testing and Calibration of Laboratories (NABL) certified highway engineering laboratory.

Table 1.7: Testing Codes Adopted

Type of Test	Method
Field dry density using sand replacement method	IS 2720 Part 28
Field dry density using core cutter method	IS 2720 Part 29
Moisture content determination	IS 2720 Part 2 (section I)
Atterberg's limits	IS 2720 Part 5
Sieve analysis	
- natural soils	IS 2720 Part 4
- rock aggregate	IS 2386 Part 1
Compaction test (Heavy Compaction)	IS 2720 Part 8
CBR and Swell	IS 2720 Part 16
(Soaked and unsoaked at three energy levels for sub-grade)	13 2/20 Fatt 10

Soil classification has been done according to the Indian Soil Classification System (ISC) as detailed in IS 1498.

The detailed programme for soil and material investigation has been prepared. Table 0.8 summaries the tasks accomplished to achieve the desired objectives.

Table 0.8: Stage Specific Investigations

5	Sr. No.	Task Description
	1	Pavement composition by test pit excavation penetrating pavement structure down to sub-grade
	L	to record pavement composition, perform field density test of sub grade, collection of sub grade

	samples
2	Investigation of existing pavement by Benkelman Beam Test

#### Existing Sub-Grade Soil and Pavement Material Investigations

The sub grade conditions and existing pavement structure characteristics, such as thickness and material properties for the pavement layers, has been investigated by means of test pits. Test pits have been excavated at every 3 km intervals along the road to perform field density and collect sub grade soil and base course samples for laboratory tests. They have been carefully dug from the pavement surface up to subgrade level where these have been manually leveled and prepared for field density tests. Field density tests on the sub-grade soils have been conducted at each test pit location and a small quantity of sample has also been collected in airtight containers for determining the field moisture content. Pavement structural composition of existing pavement at different chainage of every test pit is also noted. The average thickness of crust observed is 0.35 m.

#### Sub Grade Soil Samples

Representative samples of soils and materials collected from the test pits are subjected to various laboratory tests listed as below:

Grain size distribution test for each sample;

Atterberg's limits for each sample;

Four days soaked CBR at two energy levels as well as static CBR at FDD on each homogenous group of soils:

Four day's soaked CBR at MDD is determined. Based on test readings CBR graph is plotted and from the graphs plotted for CBR corrected value is taken into account.

Test Results

#### Existing Sub Grade Soil

Total thirteen samples have been collected and tested for grain size analysis and Atterberg's limit. Out of thirteen samples received from trial pits, three samples belong to Clayey Sand Classification (SC) and ten sample belongs to Clayey Soil Classification (CH) type. Percentage distribution of each type of existing sub grade soil along the project corridor is shown in Figure 1.1.

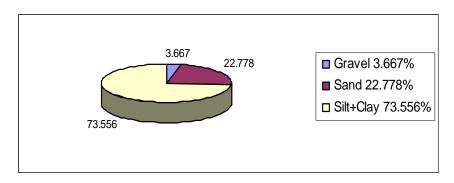


Figure 1.1: Distribution of Sub grade Soil (Major Pits) type along the Project Corridor

Table 1.9Table 1.11 provides the variation of liquid limit, plasticity index and free swelling index for each type of soil received from existing sub grade (major pits).

Table 1.9: Results of Existing Sub grade

Soil Type	Liquid Limit (%)		Plasticity index (%)	
	Minimum	Maximum	Minimum	Maximum
SC	30	32	9	11
СН	51	75	30	54

One of the most important components that influence the structural strengths of a pavement is the sub-grade strength, which in turn is influenced by moisture content and degree of compaction. The test results are appended as attached annexure..

The limiting values of LL and PI for subgrade soil are 50% and 25% respectively as per IRC 36:2010. All the samples satisfy the stipulations.

As per MoRT&H specification free swelling index of sub grade material should not be greater than 50%. The field dry density (FDD) of the existing sub-grade varies from 1.30 gm/cc to 1.647 gm/cc.

The field moisture content (FMC) is found to vary from 12.2 % to 20.8 %.

Maximum Dry Density (MDD) is varying from  $1.50~\mathrm{gm/cc}$  to  $1.81~\mathrm{gm/cc}$  and OMC is varying from 12.7~% to 21.2%.

The test results signify that samples of the project road has sub-grade compaction in between 86.0% to 91.01%,

•

Homogeneous soil groups are selected on the basis of different soil properties and tested for CBR with heavy compaction for soaked condition. CBR value at 97% of MDD has been determined from the graphs plotted for CBR for this corridor.

The 4-day soaked CBR value at 97% of MDD of sub-grade samples varies from 1.1% to 3.71 %. Figure 1.6Figure 1.2 shows variation of CBR value along the project corridor.

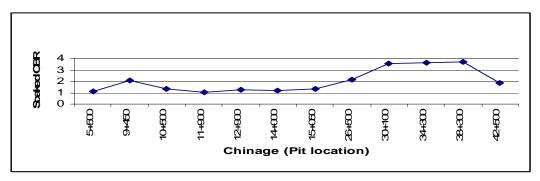


Figure 1.2: Value of CBR % along the Project Corridor





Crackes and pot holes seen on road of Padra Karjan

Crackes and pot holes seen on road of Padra Karjan





View of Padfra-Karjan road		View of Padfra-Karjan road	